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FOR FIVE DOLLARS
THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

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THE MORNING STAR

VOL. LVIII.—NO. 157. WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1896. WHOLE NO. 8,992

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER,
OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.



Post Almanac—September 23.

Sun Rises	5.48 A M
Sun Sets	5.56 P M
Day's Length	12 h 08 m
High Water at Southport	7.51 P M
High Water at Wilmington	9.34 P M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Sept. 23.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 73°; 8 p. m., 65°; maximum, 84°; minimum, 65°; mean, 74°.

Rainfall for the day, .67; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, .85.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Sept. 23.—At 8 a. m. the stage of the water in the Cape Fear river was 2 5 feet.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Heavy rains have fallen in North Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, East Tennessee and Arkansas, with light showers in other sections. But slight change of temperature is noted in the cotton belt.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina—Generally fair; southeasterly winds, brisk and high on the coast; cooler in eastern portions

For South Carolina—Generally fair; possibly local showers on the coast; northeasterly winds; cooler in southern portion.

The barometer has risen rapidly in the central valleys and Lake region and fallen slowly on the Atlantic coast and rapidly in the Northwest; it is highest over the upper Mississippi valley and lowest north of Dakota.

The indications are that the weather will be cooler and generally fair for New England southwestward to the Gulf States; warmer and fair in the central valleys and upper Lake region.

OUTLINES

Mr. Bryan will spend three days in a tour of West Virginia, commencing September 30th. ——Reports to the Department of Agriculture state that cotton is nearly all open and much of it gathered. ——The Treasury gold reserve stood at $116,968,409 yesterday. ——A strong force of State militia is at Leadville, Col., to prevent depredations by striking miners. ——John Boyd Thacher, Democratic candidate for Governor of New York, is asked to declare his position in regard to the platform of the party. ——The Czar and Czarina have arrived in England. ——A. D Powers, manager of the Cuban relief corps in Chicago, is missing and fears are entertained that he has been murdered by emissaries of the Spanish Government. ——The letter of Prince Bismarck favoring bimetallism is regarded by the National Democratic Committee as a step towards an international agreement. ——Mr. Bryan was received with great enthusiasm in Philadelphia, where he made three speeches last night to large audiences. ——The Sovereign Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows of the World is in session at Dallas, Texas. ——Palmer and Buckner opened the campaign for the "sound money" Democracy in New York city last night. —— New York markets: Money on call easier at 4@5 per cent.; last loan at 4, closing offered at 4 per cent.; cotton quiet —middling gulf 8 13 16c, middling uplands 8 9 16c; Southern flour quiet and firm—common to fair extra $3 00 @3 60, good to choice $3 60@3 90; wheat—spot market quiet and firmer; corn—spot dull and easier; No. 2 26½c at elevator and 27½c afloat; spirits turpentine quiet and firm at 26@26½; rosin firm—strained common to good $1 65@1 70.

A Republican exchange propounds the inquiry, "Mills or Mints, which shall it be?" Both. Open the mints and that will start the mills.

If the railroads and Canton hash houses divide profits with Mark Hanna, he will make a pretty good thing out of those Canton "pilgrims." If he doesn't wish to pocket it himself, he can turn it into the campaign fund.

They call the free excursions that Hanna is getting up to Canton "pilgrims." They are sent there to do mock worship to the little idol that Hanna put up. In some respects this is right amusing and somewhat suggestive.

A g. b. contemporary remarks that "a little good money will do it all." It has been doing it all for some time, for the money rings corner the "little good money" and have everything their own way. That's one of the things that the people are kicking against.

The aggregate wealth of the forty-five men who compose Mark Hanna's finance committee amounts to $552,000,000. Their lucre runs all the way up from $2,000,000 to $125,000,000. Mark is using 'em and they are utilizing Mark.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

And Gov. O'Ferrall has concluded to support the decoys Palmer and Buckner. He gives as a reason that "since he has begun the study of the silver question about a year ago he has become a strong advocate of sound money," whereupon the Richmond *Dispatch* pertinently enquires if he hadn't done some studying on that question when as a Congressman he was voting on silver. Perhaps he didn't think it necessary for a Congressman to know anything about the questions he voted on.

The importance that Mr. Hanna attaches to the Maine election is shown by the order of language used in his telegram of congratulation. He thanked Mr. Manley that the voters of Maine had "so grandly declared for protection, sound money and good government." He thus shows that he regarded protection the main issue in Maine, as elsewhere, and far ahead of sound money or good government.

The Hannaites are clever at finding reasons for things they can't help. In spite of McKinley's tariff humbug the mills are starting up again, so they have discovered that it is the sure feeling of manufacturers that McKinley will be elected that has encouraged them to start up. The colossal cheek of these fellows entitles them to admiration.

A Russian, now a resident of Brooklyn, N. Y., has taken out a patent on a bicycle with which he claims that he can scud through the air and make the trip to Europe in two days. It is rigged up with some sort of sailing apparatus. The whole rig weighs about eighty pounds.

A pick-axe, supposed to be at least 3,000 years old, was recently unearthed in England. Finger prints were visible on the handle, but as the man who used it couldn't be found the presumption was that he is dead.

Some of the esteemed gold organs comment considerably on Mr. Bryan's "smile." Later on the country generally will be commenting upon the gold fellows' grin,

The anti-Bryan organs should feel very much indebted to him, for he is furnishing them more sensible texts to build editorials on than they ever had in their lives before.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

W. & W. R. R.—Dividend notice.
NOTICE—Orion Lodge I. O. O. F.
J. H. REHDER & Co—Our business.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Primarily to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. Joe Lippitt has returned from a trip to New York.

— Mr. J. L. Borden, of Goldsboro, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. H. W. Butters, of Hub, was registered at The Orton yesterday.

— Mr. A. D. Ward, of Newbern, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Thad. H. Griffin, of Petersburg, Va., was a guest of The Orton yesterday.

— Mr. W. A. French, Jr. has returned from a business trip on the W. & W. R. R.

— Mr. D. A. Covington, of Monroe, was calling on wholesale merchants yesterday.

— Messrs. T. M. Morse, R. W. Davis and E. H. Cramer, of Southport, were in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Champ McDowell Davis, of the A. C. L. traffic department, is visiting friends at Hickory.

— Mrs. John Wilder Atkinson and daughter returned yesterday afternoon from White Sulphur Springs.

— Mr. M. F. H. Gouveneur, manager of the Wilmington Street Railway Co., has returned from a business visit to Baltimore.

— Messrs. H. L. Fry, Greensboro; W. V. Hudin, Fayetteville; E. R. Wilson, South Carolina; Chas. R. Thomas, Newbern, and T. A. McNeil, Lumberton, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

Naval Reserves.

The Naval Reserves met last night at their armory. Several new applicants were voted upon, and it was decided to hold a special meeting next Friday night to name a captain for the company, as the election of several officers will come up next Tuesday night. The initiation fee was declared off and there is no doubt that the ranks will largely swell during the Winter months.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— Receipts of cotton yesterday 2,159 bales; receipts the corresponding day last season 1,991 bales.

— The foot-ball team will meet to-night at 8 o'clock for practice at the grounds on South Front street, between Church and Castle.

— All the members of the Wilmington Foot Ball Team are requested to be on hand prepared for practice at 8 o'clock sharp, to-night.

— Mr. F. L. Walker's little six year old son Jessie was severely hurt last Monday evening by falling from the top of a shed in the yard at his father's residence, No. 217 Queen street.

— Mr. Jas. F. Post, Jr., treasurer of the Wilmington & Weldon R. R. Co., gives notice that a dividend of three and a half per cent. has been declared by the Board of Directors of the Company, payable on and after the first day of October next.

—Don't forget that registration begins on Saturday, Sept. 26th, and is continued on the three succeeding Saturdays. The hours are from 9 o'clock a. m. until 4 o'clock p. m., just seven hours each of four days. It will be seen therefore that the whole vote must be registered in 28 hours. Register the first day and have it off your mind.

The Last Chance To-day.

It is to be hoped Wilmington people will appreciate Manager Schloss' efforts to secure a first class attraction, in Frank Whitney's "Rob Roy," one of the finest in the country, sufficiently to add their names to the list at Gerken's. To-day is the last day and unless a much better showing is made, the chance to see this, one of the greatest comic operas ever staged, will be lost. The opera has a reputation from the Atlantic to the Pacific and from Florida to Maine, and needs no introduction. While the company presenting it is one of the strongest that has ever toured the South. It might be quite proper to mention at this time that this is the opera in which Miss Connie Jones, of Charlotte made her stage debut.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—971 bales cotton, 2 bbls tar, 2 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—1,489 bales cotton, 24 casks spirits turpentine, 128 bbls rosin, 27 bbls tar, 27 bbls crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—813 bales cotton, 6 casks spirits turpentine, 149 bbls rosin, 54 bbls tar.

Steamer Frank Sessoms—3 bales cotton, 18 casks spirits turpentine, 54 bbls rosin, 20 bbls tar, 9 bbls crude turpentine.

Steamer Daggett—23 bales cotton, 9 casks spirits turpentine, 35 bbls rosin, 12 bbls tar.

Schooner William—10 bales cotton, 13 casks spirits turpentine, 190 bbls rosin.

Total receipts—Cotton, 2,709 bales; spirits turpentine, 70 casks; rosin, 581 bbls; tar, 115 bbls; crude turpentine, 38 bbls.

A Very Important Matter.

An entirely new registration is required for the coming election in all cases where there has been a division of any Ward or Township. Where there has been no such division, a revision of the registration books only is required.

It should be noted especially that only four days are allowed for registration, viz: Saturday, September 26th; Saturday, October 3d; Saturday, October 10th; and Saturday, October 17th. Remember the dates.

The hours of registration are from 9 o'clock a. m. to 4 o'clock p. m.

The law provides that all candidates, or their duly authorized representatives, may witness the counting of the ballots.

Death of Mr. C. H. Capps.

Mr. C. H. Capps died yesterday at his residence, corner Ninth and Dawson streets, after an illness of a few days, in the 50th year of his age. Mr. Capps was a native of Wilmington, and for several years an employe in the W., C. & A. railroad shops at Florence, S. C. He was a volunteer in the Confederate service in the war between the States.

His funeral will take place to-day at 3 p. m. from his late residence. Orion Lodge, I. O. O. F., of which he was a member, will attend the funeral.

Foot Ball.

Owing to the inclemency of the weather the foot ball enthusiasts were unable to begin practice last night. The boys are anxious to get to work at once and get themselves in shape in order to be able to successfully cope with all comers. The management is now in correspondence with teams all over this State and also Furman University, Greenville, S. C., Charleston and Savannah teams, and an interesting schedule may be expected.

CY. WATSON'S APPOINTMENTS.

Cyrus B. Watson, Democratic candidate for Governor, will address the people as follows:

Rockingham October 3d; Lumberton, 5th; Whiteville 6th; Wilmington, at night on the 8th; Burgaw, 8th; Clinton, 9th; Kenansville, 10th; Trenton, 12th; Newbern, 13th, Kinston, 14th, and continues as far as Gatesville on the 24th.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

FUSION ARRANGEMENT.

CHAIRMAN MANLY WILL ISSUE AN ADDRESS AT AN EARLY DATE.

Says the Ticket Will Win by Thirty to Forty Thousand—Proceedings of Meeting of the Democratic Executive Committee—Hon. Tom Dixon Will Canvass the State for the Republican Party—The Rep.-Pop. Fusion Agreement on Congressmen.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, September 23.—At a meeting of the Democratic Executive Committee this morning the resignations of those electors who were left out in the fusion arrangement were accepted. A resolution commending the unselfish action of these gentlemen and requesting them to continue their canvass of the State was adopted.

The Central Committee was given power to act in case electors should resign.

Chairman Manly will issue an address to voters of the State at an early date, explanatory of the fusion arrangement.

Chairman Manly says the ticket will win by from thirty to forty thousand. Chairman Ayer says it will win by thirty thousand. Chairman Holton says he is delighted with the fusion arrangement. He says the Democrats and Populists will scratch each other and McKinley will carry the State by sixty thousand.

Secretary Patterson, of the Republican Campaign Committee, says that Rev. Thos. Dixon will visit this State in two weeks. Will begin his campaign in Wilmington.

The hearing of the case before the Railway Commission ordering a quarter per cent. reduction of passenger rates has been postponed, at the request of the Seaboard and Southern railways. The C. F. & Y. V. and Norfolk & Western argued against the reduction.

By Southern Associated Press.

RALEIGH, N. C., Sept. 22—The Republican State Committee to-day withdrew Patrick T. Massey as Congressional nominee in this district. This is in accord with the Republican arrangement with the Populists, to give the latter five Congressmen and assure their election.

ROBESON COUNTY.

Populist Convention—A Rep.-Pop. County Ticket Nominated—Republicans Put Up a Negro for Commissioner—Threaten a Straight Ticket.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

LUMBERTON, N. C., September 22.—The Populist Convention met here to-day and nominated a Senator, two members of the Legislature, Register of Deeds, Treasurer, and two Commissioners.

The Republican Executive Committee met and filled out the ticket. They nominated J. P. Smith for Sheriff and a negro for Commissioner. The agreement was that the Republicans were to have one member of the Legislature, but the Populist Convention ignored that agreement. There is much dissatisfaction and much talk of the Republicans putting out a straight ticket.

FAYETTEVILLE DEMOCRATS.

The Bryan Club and Many Other Democrats Addressed by Hons. Chas. M. Cook and Frank Thompson.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Sept. 22—Hon. Chas. M. Cook, of Louisburg, Democratic candidate for Secretary of State, and Hon. Frank Thompson, of Onslow, Democratic candidate for Congress from the Third district, addressed the Bryan Club and a large concourse of Democrats in the city hall this evening. Their speeches were well received and enthusiastically cheered. President John Underwood made a bright little speech introducing the speakers, in his inimitable way.

CRIMINAL COURT.

A Number of Cases Tried Yesterday—Chas. Anderson Sentenced to Two Years in the State Penitentiary for Larceny.

The Criminal Court, Judge Meares presiding, disposed of the following cases yesterday:

State vs. J. D. Sellars, charged with wilful abandonment of his wife. Verdict, guilty. The defendant was sentenced to six months' imprisonment. A motion was made for a new trial, but the motion was overruled. An appeal was then prayed for and it was granted. The appeal bond was fixed at $25 and the appearance bond $200. He went to jail in default of bond.

State vs. Ed. Truesly and John Hall, resisting a police officer. Verdict not guilty as to Truesly, guilty as to John Hall. Hall was fined $10 and costs.

State vs. Willie Hill, charged with carrying concealed weapon. Submission, Defendant fined $10 and costs.

State vs. Willie Hill, assault and battery with a deadly weapon. Judgment suspended on payment of costs.

State vs. John Robinson, larceny. Verdict guilty. The defendant was sentenced to twelve months in the penitentiary.

State vs. Charles Anderson, larceny. Submission. The defendant was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary.

State vs. Joe West, assault and battery with a deadly weapon. Verdict not guilty.

State vs. Dorcas Franke, nuisance. Judgment suspended on payment of costs.

State vs. Chas. Morris, Willie Wilkins, Jeter Gordon and Andrew Lavender, house breaking. Defendants sentenced to six months in County House of Correction.

State vs. Willie Wilkins, resisting an officer. Judgment suspended.

State vs. Geo. Letheger, assault and battery with a deadly weapon. Verdict, not guilty.

State vs. Jno. Hawkins, larceny. Nol pros.

State vs. P. A. Green, larceny. Verdict, not guilty.

Don't fail to attend the auction sale of Fine China, Crockery, Glassware, &c., this morning at 10 o'clock. Watson's old stand, 26 South Front street. A. A. NATHAN. tf

DO YOU TAKE IT?

Are you a subscriber to THE MORNING STAR? If not, why not?

Do you want a first class daily paper at $5.00 per year, or $1.25 for three months? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that is opposed to the single gold standard, that favors the free coinage of silver on an exact equality with gold, and that does not hesitate to speak its sentiments openly and fearlessly? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that prints the latest telegraphic news, the best local news, reliable market reports, excellent short stories, and the choicest miscellaneous matter? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do not forget that THE MORNING STAR is the cheapest daily of its class in North Carolina. Its price is $5.00, while the published price of others ranges from $7.00 to $8.00.

If you will invest $1.25 in a trial subscription of three months you will have ample opportunity to form a fair judgment of the merits of THE MORNING STAR.

O'DONNELL DEFEATS SLAVIN.

Frank Was Out of Condition from a Fall on Thursday—Despite Their Knowledge of This the Sports at Maspeth Gave Odds Against the Victor.

MASPETH, L. I., Sept. 21.—Steve O'Donnell fought Frank Slavin to a standstill in the fifth round at the Empire Athletic Club to-night, and the latter's seconds, seeing that their man was all but out, threw up the sponge after the round had gone one minute and thirty-five seconds.

Slavin fought wildly all through and the bell only saved him in the fourth round. After the fight Slavin addressed the crowd as they were filing out. He said:

"I'm licked to night, gentlemen, but I think the man that is behind O'Donnell will give me another chance when I am in a better condition. I have been hurt ever since Thursday and only came here so as not to disappoint the public and my backer."

As long as O'Donnell mixed it up Slavin was the stronger at the short range, but when Steve stood off it was all up with Slavin.

About one thousand sports made the journey to see the event, which was to have been a twenty round contest. The crowd had scarcely been seated when a rumor was started to the effect that Slavin had hurt his arm, shoulder and back by a fall last Thursday, and that he was in no condition to fight. It was stated that he had only come over to make an appearance, and had done no work since the alleged accident.

The betting was all in favor of Slavin, and the majority of the sports seemed to think that the "accident" was a well laid scheme to induce the O'Donnell contingent to put up their money.

As good as 6 to 4 could be had against Steve's chances, as Slavin's supporters calculated that his slugging powers and gameness would prove too much for O'Donnell's cleverness.

TO SHIP LUMBER BY BARGES.

Three Cargoes to Be Started North Within a Short Time.

The transportation of lumber to northern ports by barges will be introduced at Savannah, Ga., within the next two weeks, says the *News* of that city.

It is creditably reported that three of these heavy carriers are expected to arrive there about October 1st. They will be towed by a tug, which will await the loading of one of the barges. As soon as the first barge is ready, it will be towed North, and by the time another is loaded the tug will return, and be in readiness for another cargo.

The recent successful towing of barges laden with crossties from Brunswick to New York, has induced Savannah lumber merchants to try the experiment. A barge will carry over twice the quantity of lumber that an ordinary schooner carries, and the dealers calculate that there will be a great saving by chartering barges instead of schooners to carry coastwise cargoes of lumber to Northern ports.

The scheme of using barges for the transportation of lumber from Southern to Northern ports was successfully carried out by New Bedford capitalists several months ago. It is believed that the time is not far distant when barges in the coastwise trade will drive out of business the hundreds of schooners engaged in this particular business, and will render practically valueless millions of dollars invested in vessel property by Americans.

Not only has the coal trade been ruined by the advent of the barge, but they have got control of the coastwise oil trade, and are now competitors for the lumber trade.

APPOINTMENTS.

Wilmington District—W. S. Bone, P. E.

Wilmington, Grace church, Sept. 27, 28.
Wilmington, Fifth Street, Oct. 4, 5.
Brunswick circuit, Macedonia, October 10, 11.
Southport station, Oct. 11, 12.
Scott's Hill circuit, Union, Oct. 17, 18.
Wilmington, Market Street, night, Oct. 18.
Elizabeth circuit, Elizabethtown, Oct. 24, 25.
Clinton circuit, Goshen, Oct. 31 and Nov. 1.
Carver's Creek Circuit, Shiloh, November 7, 8.
Kenansville circuit, Rose Hill, November 14, 15.
Magnolia circuit, Providence, November 15, 15.
Columbus circuit, Cerro Gordo, November 20 21.
Whiteville and Fair Bluff, Whiteville, Nov. 22, 23.
Waccamaw circuit, Zion, Nov. 24.
Bladen circuit, Antioch, Nov. 28, 29.
Wilmington, Bladen Street, Dec. 3.
Onslow circuit, Tabernacle, Dec. 5, 6.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

DIED.

CAPPS—At his residence, in this city, Tuesday, September 22nd, 1896, CHAS. H. CAPPS, in the 49th year of his age.

Funeral will take place from his late residence corner 9th and Dawson streets this (Wednesday) afternoon at 3 o'clock, thence to Bellevue Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are invited to attend.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

For theatrical news read the New York "Dramatic Times," the spicest dramatic paper published. W. W. Vick, representative for Wilmington. sep 22 2t

Wanted—Lady and Gentleman can get elegant furnished room and board at No. 314 North Front street. sep 22 1w

For Rent—Office now occupied by E. Lilly. Splendid cotton room with northern light. Corner office, same floor, well lighted and every comfort. Also two stores with wharf privilege. All in same building with Produce Exchange. Apply to Navassa Guano Co. sep 18 1w

$25.00 reward for return of Diamond Stud, No. 418 on spiral, taken from purse found on Fourth and Castle streets Friday morning. No questions asked. Leave at STAR office. sep 2 tf

The Dairy Restaurant No. 25 Market street is now open. Table first class. Open from 6 a. m. until 10 p. m. Give us a call. aug 15 tf

Photographs—A poor Photograph is one of the poorest things in the world. Remember I guarantee you first class Photos at reasonable rates. U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street. aug 2 tf

Wanted—A number of good people to call and see my fine line of Groceries, Watermelons and Cantalopes received fresh from the farm every day. Chas. D. Jacobs, 217½ North Front street. jy 11 tf

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. B. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store 211 Market street. c81

Hayden, F. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House c81

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

I. O. O. F.

HALL OF ORION LODGE No. 67.

Brethren—You are requested to meet at your Lodge room this (Wednesday) afternoon at 3 o'clock to attend the funeral of our deceased Brother, Past Grand C. H. Capps. Members of sister Lodges are invited to attend. By order of C. C. Parker, N. G.

sep 23 1t S. A. CRAIG, Secretary.

Miss Fannie K. Corbett,

PUPIL OF NEW ENGLAND CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC.

MUSIC STUDIO 411 North Fourth street. Will resume lessons September 29th, 1896.

sep 23 1w

Combination Bicycle

FOR SALE.

A Combination "Crusader" Bicycle, for either lady or gentleman. Cushion Tires. Brand new. Will be sold cheap. Call in person, or address M., at

ap 7 tf STAR OFFICE.

Office Sec'y & Treas'r W. & W. R. R Co.



WILMINGTON, N. C., Sept. 23, 1896.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE Wilmington & Weldon Railroad Company have instructed the Treasurer to pay to all holders of record of this date three and a half per cent. interest on the certificates of indebtedness of that Company. Interest due and payable on October 1st, 1896. The Transfer Books will stand closed from September 23rd to October 1st inclusive.

JAMES F. POST, Jr.,
sept 23 tf Sec'y and Treas'r W. & W. R. R.

School For Young Ladies

Miss Hart. Miss Brown.

The next session will begin

Thursday, the First of October.

English, Mathematics, Natural Sciences, Latin, French, German, Bookkeeping.

Miss Lavender

will continue her lessons in Vocal and Instrumental Music.

Classes for the study of Art will be instructed by

Mrs. Devereux H. Lippitt.

Punctual attendance at the beginning of the session is important.

For terms and particulars, apply to the PRINCIPALS, 114 Orange Street.

sep 18 3t sun nac

Our Business

Has increased to such an extent that we were compelled to build an addition to our already large store, and are now prepared to do a larger business than ever before. Our Mr. Rehder has just returned from the Northern Markets where he has purchased one of the largest stocks ever brought to this market. Here are some of the New Goods.

7,000 yards splendid Unbleaching 3c a yard.
3,000 yards heavy Canton Flannel 8c a yard.
4 rolls Fancy Matting 10½c a yard.
20 rolls 35c Matting 22c a yard.
800 yards Hemp Carpet one yard wide 12½c a yard.
3,000 yards 5c Apron Ginghams 3c a yard.
125 cases Shoes 35c to $4 a pair.
60 pair Lace Curtains 45c a pair.
Chenille Curtains, full size, $4.25 a pair.
150 rolls Crepe Paper, all shades, 18c a roll.
5,000 yards fast color Calicoes 5c a yard.
Red and White Flannels 15c a yard.
Extra quality Long Waists Corsets 50c.
300 Rugs 35c, 45c, 50c up to $5.
400 Window Shades 10c and up.

Largest and Cheapest Line of Clothing.

Men's odd Pants 45c and upwards.
Children's Vests 40c and upwards.
Men's Wool Undershirts 10c.
100 $2.25 Capes $1.50.

Big Stock of Plush and Astraghan Capes and Jackets.

Table and Floor Oil Cloths.
Sweaters 25c and up.
9c Ribbed Hose 15c.
150 Blankets 50c and up.
Door Mats, Curtain Poles, Brass Extension Rods.
6,000 yards Embroideries, cheapest lot ever shown.
Comforters all sizes. Lowest prices.
Come to see and save money.

J. H. Rehder & Co.

Car fare paid on purchases of $2.00 and upwards, sep 23 tf

Executor's Notice.

HAVING QUALIFIED AS EXECUTRIX OF the last will and testament of my late husband, William Henry Strauss, deceased, all persons indebted to him are requested to make immediate payment of such indebtedness to me, and those to whom my said testator was indebted are hereby notified to present their claims to me on or before the first day of September, 1897, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.

This the 27th day of August, 1896.

JESSIE R. STRAUSS, Executrix.
A. J. Marshall, Attorney.
aug 27 6w th

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

ON ONE SIDE

Your Choice for $1.25.

ON THE OTHER SIDE SEE

Your Choice for $1 50.

LOOK IN OUR SHOW WINDOW!

What you fail to see that you wish in the SHOE LINE, step inside our Store and call for it. We are always glad to show our goods to the trade, and always appreciate a call from any of our old friends and cordially invite the stranger and everybody else to examine our stock for what they want in

SHOES.

We are fixed at 115 Princess St., 63½ steps east from corner Front.

Respectfully,

Mercer & Evans,

Successors to H. C. Evans.

sep 18 tf

School Shoes.



We have been thinking about your Children's SHOES, School Shoes particularly. If you want a good serviceable Shoe for your son, one that will out-wear any Shoe you can get, try a pair of our Boys' Kangaroo Calf Lace Shoes with sole leather tips at $1.25 and $1.50. Try one pair and you'll buy no other.

Geo. R. French & Sons.

sep 9 tf

A Card.

TO OUR FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC:—On Thursday, September 24, we will move into the corner store No. 136 Market street, formerly occupied by Miss Mattie Brown as a millinery store, where we have increased our capacity and are better prepared to furnish you with better Bread, Cakes and Pies. We will also carry a full line of Fine and Common Candies, Fruits Nuts, &c. And to any couple consenting to marry on Thursday, our first opening day, will be presented with a fine iced and ornamented cake.

Thanking you for your former patronage, and hoping a continuance of the same in our new stand, we remain,

Very truly,

MR. & MRS. W. A. FARRISS, sep 20 tf of the Palace Bakery.

For Rent,

That Desirable Store

18 Market St.,

THREE STORIES AND BASEMENT.

Elevator and all modern improvements. Possession given October 1st. Apply to

D. O'CONNOR.

sep 19 tf

SALT, SALT, SALT.

7866 SACKS SALT

now landing ex-Schr. C. C. Lister, at our warehouse.

New Catch Mullets

just in from Fishery.

Orders solicited. Prompt shipments made.

HALL & PEARSALL,

Nutt and Mulberry streets.

aug 22 D&W tf

FLOUR.

400 Barrels FLOUR.
900 Bags one-eighth FLOUR.
700 Bags quarter FLOUR.
600 Bags half FLOUR.
75 CHEESE.
10 Barrels APPLES.
100 Boxes CAKES.
200 Boxes CANDY.
10 Barrels CANDY.
100 Boxes CHEWING GUM.

W. B. COOPER.

sep 20 tf D&W Wilmington, N C

Bulbs, Bulbs.

PLACE YOUR ORDERS NOW AND GET THE CHOICE.

JAMES D. NUTT,

sep 6 tf THE DRUGGIST.

Miss Alderman's

SELECT SCHOOL.

THE NEXT TERM OF THIS SCHOOL WILL commence on the FIRST MONDAY IN OCTOBER (October 5th). I would be pleased to have all of my old scholars return, and as many new ones as possible. My terms are reasonable and will suit you. My rooms are in the same place, Fourth between Market and Dock streets, and I will be ably assisted by competent teachers.

Classes in French and German taught if a sufficient number can be obtained.

Classes formed in shorthand and Typewriting early in October. For further particulars apply to Principal, corner Fourth and Dock streets. sep 22 1w

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Cut This Out!

SAVE THIS AND BRING IT WITH YOU. On Monday, Sept. 14, begins one of the Greatest Sales Ever Heard of in North Carolina. Mrs. and Miss Taylor, of Taylor's Bazaar, are now in the Northern Markets purchasing Fall Stock.

We must have room for Goods coming in, so will close out our present stock at less than COST for CASH ONLY.

In order to give the public an idea of the marvellous bargains to be had here for the next thirty days, a few prices are mentioned.

Millinery, Flowers and Feathers at your own price. Come and see. No one urged to buy.

Sailor Hats trimmed in Black, Brown and White, 19 cents each, and finer grades at equally low prices.

A 50 cent Corset for 39 cents.
A 75 cent Corset for 50 cents.
R. & G. dollar Corset for 75 cents.
A Featherbone Corset and Nursing Corset for 98 cents each.
Muslin Chemise for 21 cents each.
Muslin Drawers for 21 cents.
Night Robes for 50 cents. Night Robes, fine quality, 75 cents.
Muslin Corset Covers 15 cents.
A Gloria Umbrella for 68 cents.
A twilled Silk Umbrella, natural stick, for $1.38, cheap at $1.75.
The balance of our Shirt Waists below cost.
Tea Gowns and Wrappers, well made. Watteau back, lined waist, reduced to 75c and $1.25; does not even pay for the material.
DRY GOODS—Our entire stock at cost.
Silks in Black and Colored from 90c yard up.
Cut this out and bring it with you. Come early and take your pick. Make no mistake, but look for

TAYLOR'S BAZAAR,

No. 118 Market St.

Other bargains not here mentioned. You are cordially invited to call sep 16 tf

For School Books

—AND—

SCHOOL SUPPLIES,

SEND IN YOUR ORDERS TO

C. W. Yates & Co.,

Wilmington, N. C.,

THE LARGEST

School Furnishing House

in North Carolina.

Liberal discounts to Merchants.

sep 20 tf

SUMMER RESORTS

SPARKLING

CATAWBA SPRINGS.

For Thirty Years the Favorite Resort of the People of the Cape Fear Section.

OPEN JUNE 1st.

These justly celebrated Springs of North Carolina are beautifully located in the shade of the Blue Ridge—climate delightful, waters eminently curative for

Dyspepsia, Liver Disease, Vertigo, Spinal Affections, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Gravel, Diabetes, Kidney Affections, Chronic Cough, Asthma, Insomnia, Debility and Skin Diseases.

Hotel refitted and in good order. Write for terms.

Dr. E. O. Elliott & Son,

Sparkling Catawba Springs, N. C.

je 11 tf

For Rent,

That commodious Wharf formerly occupied by A. Martin, Esq., just south of Ferry, on west side river 169 feet front and 530 deep. Possession given October 1st next.

Apply

D. L. Gore.

sep 17 tf

The Undersigned

WOULD RESPECTFULLY REMIND HIS friends and the public generally that he is still doing business at the old stand, No. 11 South Front street, where they are invited to call when in need of any work in the Tonsorial line.

Respectfully,

sep 13 tf A. PREMPERT.

Carolina Beach.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, AUGUST 31st, the Steamer Wilmington will leave for Carolina Beach 9.30 a. m. and 3.15 p m. Leave Beach 7 a. m. and 3.30 p. m.

aug 30 tf J. W. HARPER.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPT. 23

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT:
WILLIAM J. BRYAN,
of Nebraska.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:
ARTHUR SEWALL,
of Maine.

STATE DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR:
CYRUS B. WATSON,
of Forsyth.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR:
THOMAS W. MASON,
of Northampton.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:
CHARLES M. COOKE,
of Franklin.

FOR STATE TREASURER:
B. F. AYCOCK,
of Wayne.

FOR STATE AUDITOR:
R. M. FURMAN,
of Buncombe.

FOR SUPT. PUBLIC INSTRUCTION:
JOHN C. SCARBOROUGH,
of Johnston.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL:
F. I. OSBORNE,
of Mecklenburg.

ASSOCIATE JUSTICES SUPREME COURT:
A. C. AVERY, of Burke,
GEO. H. BROWN, Jr., of Beaufort.

CONGRESSIONAL TICKET.

1st District—W. H. Lucas, of Hyde.
2d " F. A. Woodard, of Wilson.
3d " Frank Thompson, Onslow.
4th " E. W. Pou, of Johnston.
5th " W. W. Kitchin, of Person.
6th " Jas. A. Lockhart, of Anson.
7th " S. J. Pemberton, of Stanly.
8th " R. A. Doughton, Alleghany
9th " Jos. S. Adams, Buncombe.

COUNTY DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Sheriff—Frank H. Stedman.
Register of Deeds—John Haar.
Treasurer—Josh. T. James.
Coroner—Peter H. Smith.
Commissioners—Roger Moore.
—J. G. L. Gieschen.
—W. F. Alexander.
Constable—(Wil. township) W. H. Biddle.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.
B. F. KING.
D. J. FERGUS.

☞ COCKRAN ON SLAVEHOLDERS.—Will you submit to this conspiracy between the professional farmers, the farmers who cultivate the quarrels of their neighbors, farmers who labor with their jaws, Populist agitators of the West, and the unreconciled slave-holders of the South? This is a conspiracy between professional farmers, who want to pay low wages, and the unreconciled slave-holders, who would like to pay no wages at all.—(Extract from the speech of Bourke Cockran, delivered in New York August 18th.)

Every Democratic paper should print, and every Democratic speaker should read to his audiences, the following letter written by President Cleveland in 1892 to the editor of the Atlanta *Constitution:*

"GRAY GABLES, BUZZARD BAY, Mass., July 16, 1892.—Clark Howell, Esq.—My Dear Sir: The receipt of your recent letter has gratified me exceedingly. It has a tone of true Democracy about it, and is pervaded with the sort of Democratic frankness which is very pleasing.

"I think the underlying principles of party organization is what you so admirably express as an acceptance of the arbitrament of the National Convention. On the other hand, it is as fully the duty of one opposed to shut his mind and heart to any feeling of irritation or resentment that might be allowed to grow out of opposition based upon honest judgment and a conscientious desire for party success.

"I am not surprised, though I am gratified by the announcement that from this time to the close of the campaign your own service and the invaluable influence of the *Constitution* will be devoted to the fight for Democratic success. It honestly seems to me that Democrats who are not at this time loyal to the cause are recreant to their country.

"Personal advancement of man is nothing; the triumph of the principles we advocate is everything.

"Hoping that we may congratulate each other on a a glorious result in November, I am, yours sincerely,

"GROVER CLEVELAND."

SHOWING THEIR HANDS.

If anybody entertains an idea that the advocates of the gold standard in this country, whether they be marching behind the standard of the Indianapolis decoys, or behind the standard of Mark Hanna's candidate, are friendly to silver or honest in their declarations for bimetallism he may dismiss that idea at once, for he was never more deceived in his life. The gentlemen who constructed the St. Louis platform, and nominated Wm. McKinley thought it was good politics to fool the people and therefore they declared for bimetallism on "international agreement," and to make people believe they were in earnest pledged the party to use its efforts to promote this international agreement if successful in the coming election. But the Indianapolis convention, which was composed of men who called themselves Democrats and claimed to be the representatives of the only simon-pure Democrats that were left in the country, since the Democrats who assembled in convention at Chicago refused to be led by Wall street agents and strings, went further than the St. Louis straddlers dare go and proclaimed unequivocally for gold. Not satisfied with that, they declared that the paper money issued by the Government should be redeemed and retired, but redeemed in gold and then destroyed.

It so happens that the money power which they represented in that convention controlled the bulk of this outstanding paper, and therefore this declaration was a pledge in advance that the Government would continue to redeem these notes with gold and continue to put gold into the coffers of the gentlemen who were playing the Republican party, under the lead of Hanna and McKinley, and the decoy annex, under the lead of Palmer and Buckner. Since then both the gold agents in the Republican party and the gold agents in the Indianapolis annex have become bolder, have thrown off the disguise and now make no pretence whatever to any desire to continue silver as money other than subsidiary coin for convenience in making change, and conducting the smaller transactions.

When the Indianapolis annex demanded that the Government notes be redeemed in greenbacks and retired a great many people thought they were going pretty far, and they were, but they are not going to stop at that, for if they be successful in defeating Bryan and electing McKinley the next thing on the programme will be to put silver on the same footing as the greenbacks and demand that the silver dollars shall be redeemed in gold.

It will be remembered that the gold organs and McKinley organs have been contending that the parity between gold and silver has been maintained because the Government redeemed silver dollars with gold. There was no truth in this, but a good many people who didn't know any better believed it. In order to expose the falsity of this assertion officially so that there could be no dispute about it, Senator Faulkner wrote to Secretary Carlisle asking whether the Government did then or ever had redeemed silver dollars with gold, to which the Secretary very promptly and very frankly answered that as far as he knew no silver dollars had ever been presented for redemption, and none had ever been redeemed with gold. This knocked the props from under the redemption fake, and left the silver dollars standing on their own merits as a money not redeemable, but good and genuine money able to take care of itself without the assistance of any redemption tag.

Whether the gold men have got after Secretary Carlisle since he made this candid answer to Senator Faulkner, and represented to him that he had given them away and knocked the props from under one of their standby explanations as to how the parity was maintained, or whether they wanted to commit the administration to the redemption of silver as well as greenbacks, Secretary Carlisle has recently in a published letter hedged on the statement he made to Senator Faulkner, by declaring that although the Government has never and does not now redeem silver dollars with gold, if it should become necessary to maintain the parity between silver and gold the Government would do that, the meaning of which is that in as far as Secretary Carlisle can he is committing the Government to the policy of redeeming all of its money in gold, the very thing that the gold men have been aiming at all along, although they did not have the audacity to say so.

The nearer Secretary Carlisle and President Cleveland get to the end of their terms the more serviceable they become to the gold power, or the more desperate, and the more indifferent to public opinion. Suppose this should be the recognized policy of this administration, and the administration of McKinley, if he should succeed Cleveland, what a nice fix it would put the Treasury in, with about $500,000,000 of paper and $600,000,000 of silver to be redeemed with less than $500,000,000 of gold, and without a gold dollar that the Government could call its own. Wouldn't the bond dealers have a soft snap then and have this Government absolutely in their power? But that is precisely what they are playing for. They intend, if they can, to make the national debt perpetual and thus hold perpetual control of the Treasury and of the financial policy of this Government. The only way in the world to defeat that game is by the election of Wm. J. Bryan, and by opening the mints and making the silver dollar the peer of the gold dollar.

MINOR MENTION.

The people of this country have for the past thirty years had to fight rings and combines in the effort to reform public policies and to relieve themselves from the burdens which these rings and combines had put upon them. In this campaign they have more rings and combines to fight than ever, for they have all the old ones with several others which had not been in the fight against them. The methods pursued now are similar to those resorted to in the past, but the scope is wider and the agents employed more numerous, more assertive and more aggressive. We knew how, when the protective tariff was the main issue, the manufacturers played upon the fears of their employes, and how when other devices failed to command the active efforts and votes of these employes intimidation was resorted to and the 'thum-screws put on. That thing is being done to day on a colossal scale, not only by manufacturers, but by other corporations employing large numbers of men, and by business houses in the large commercial centers which believe their interests will be best subserved by the perpetuation of the present monetary system. In the tariff days when the protected manufacturers wished to influence the votes of those not connected directly with their business they predicted business disaster and to give semblance to the prediction would put up prices, curtail credits and sometimes blow out their fires to enforce idleness. The same game is being played now by picturing to the country merchants the calamities that will follow the election of Bryan, and when this kind of representation fails to make converts, refusing further credit and pressing claims already due. Commanding money, as they do, and with the organization they have, and co-operation among the respective interests that are in the combines they can play this cold-blooded game, and sometimes successfully. This is a species of tyranny to which the American people have been more or less subjected for thirty years, and to which they always will be subjected while the present monetary system continues, and a comparatively few men can control it, the political machinery, and the public policies.

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The gold organs are not playing the "repudiator," "communist," "anarchist," &c., as applied to the advocates of free coinage, quite as much or as vehemently as they did some time ago, although some of them still rely upon this style of argument. The others have perhaps discovered that this didn't make converts to the gold standard, or perhaps they discovered that it was very stupid and did much harm in directions that they had not thought of. During the war between the States the so-called "loyal" organs in the North were in the habit of characterizing every one who didn't endorse everything that was done in the prosecution of the war as "disloyal," traitors," copperheads," &c., and as these constituted a very considerable number of people in the North, in fact the whole Democratic party, the idea went abroad that while the South was united the North was divided, a division which these organs by their abuse and vilification did much to create and keep up. Of course, this hampered the Government seriously in the prosecution of the war, and would have made success impossible if the South had the same opportunities to recruit her armies and secure supplies and munitions of war that the North had. There is not the slightest doubt that these organs, without intending it, in their superserviceable zeal and narrowmindedness helped to prolong the war. The gold organs now profess to be laboring to maintain the "nation's honor and credit," and yet they have been stupidly advertising their belief that the Democratic party of this country is a party of "repudiators," "communists," "anarchists," etc, and that if that party be successful repudiation will be the order of the day. They talk about shaking the "confidence" of the world in America's credit. What could more effectually do it than that—that is, if the world attached any importance to these wild, idiotic ravings?

***

Whether Mr. McKinley considers it undignified to go before the people, as Mr. Bryan is doing, to make speeches, he does not consider it beneath his dignity to spend his days in making speeches to the "pilgrim" parties that Mark Hanna and his co-laborers send to Canton. Whether Mr. McKinley would consider it undignified to engage in a joint discussion with Mr. Bryan, we do not know, but he probably would; but whether or not, he shows discriminating judgment in confining himself to Canton and Mark Hanna's pilgrims, for if he were to meet Mr. Bryan, that gentleman, although he would treat him with chivalrous courtesy, would make it exceedingly uncomfortable for him, and he would do it simply by making McKinley answer McKinley, as he did at Dover, Delaware, Monday, when he quoted McKinley as chairman of the committee which formulated the McKinley tariff to answer McKinley, the Presidential candidate, talking to the "pilgrims" in Canton. Confronted by such contradictory utterances as these, none of which he could deny or explain away, what could Mr. McKinley say, and how could he help admitting that he didn't write the truth in 1890, or that he is not speaking the truth in 1896? This would be placing him in a much more undignified position than going around the country making speeches or engaging in a joint discussion with a much less distinguished men than William J. Bryan.

— Rocky Mount *Phœnix*: It is not always that cold, remorseless death visits the same home in one week and carries off a brother and sister. Such was the case last week, however, with Mr. N. D. Woodruff and his sister Miss Mollie. Both died of typhoid fever.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Weldon *News*: Died, near Halifax, on last Saturday, Miss Mary West, aged 85.

— Kinston *Free Press*: After many months' suffering and the illness of years, at Burns Place, near Seven Springs, Mrs. Elizabeth Green Whitfield departed from earth September 11th, 1896. She was born November 5th, 1837, and in 1858 married to Col. Nathan B. Whitfield, of this county.

— Statesville *Landmark*: Aleck Brown, a young colored man who lived at George Morrison's, about three miles from town, was killed by lightning Friday afternoon. He was in Morrison's yard when the lightning struck a small tree near him. The shock threw him to the ground, and death followed in a few minutes.

— Laurinburg *Exchange*: Noah Easterling, colored, was murdered at Gibson Station Wednesday night, the 9th inst, in the portion of town known as "negro town." Some unknown person on horseback rode up to the house, which as it happened Noah was coming out of, and shot him with a gun loaded with buckshot. No clue as to who the murderer is has been obtained.

— Greenville *Reflector*: A murder occurred at Kocky Mount Friday afternoon about the time the crowd was getting off. A man named Jordan, from Battleboro, shot and killed a man named Cadlett, from Nashville. The particulars as we heard them was that an old grudge existed between the two men. Jordan saw Cadlett in a bar-room and tried to draw him into a fuss. Cadlett turned to walk away when Jordan drew a pistol and fired three rapid shots, every ball taking effect. Cadlett died in a few minutes. Jordan was arrested and placed in prison. Both were white men.

— Fayetteville *Observer*: Thomas H. Godwin, a deaf mute from this county, ran away from the Deaf and Dumb institution at Raleigh Sunday, and Tuesday was killed by a Southern fast freight between Gardner and Auburn in Wake county. —— Another old "war horse" has gone, but the horse happens to be a mule in this case. The faithful animal, the property of Mr. Duncan Davis, died recently after living 34 years and making 31 crops. —— In 71st township, about seven miles from Fayetteville, a terrible and what is likely to prove a fatal tragedy took place Sunday night. Sophie Kelly, a young mulatto woman, in a fit of anger, deliberately shot her husband three times, two balls entering the head and one the abdomen. After the deed the woman went to a neighbor's house and stayed there unmolested until this morning when officer Maultsby arrested her. ——A great sanctification meeting is being held at Colliersville, in this county. It is conducted by three preachers, one of whom is the great Crumpler himself. A gentleman who was there Sunday night says there was a most remarkable demonstration, six hundred people wildly excited, numbers crawling about on hands and knees, going into trances, etc. It is a strange, and many think powerful religion.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— No doubt Tom Reed smiles when he observes men like Bynum engaged in doing chores for the Republican party. It was Bynum who used to make a specialty of charging down the aisle in the Fifty first Congress and calling the Speaker a "moon faced Czar." — *Washington Post, Ind.*

—— The Chicago *Record* sent a commission to Mexico, hoping perhaps to find matters favorable to its goldbug friends, but the report confirmed all that silver men claimed of that country's phenomenal prosperity. The *Record* is against Bryan and Democracy, but, like the Springfield *Republican*, is a fair journal.—*Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*

—— A Republican newspaper remarked that the election of Bryan would be peculiarly unfortunate, because he is a man who is sure to carry out his campaign promises. This is the sort of a President the American people would like to have—one who will do after the election what he promised to do before he was elected. —*New Orleans States, Dem.*

—— The most enthusiastic Republican, if he is disposed to be fair, cannot ignore such facts as are stated in the reports received by the Democratic State Executive Committee. In Lake county, where the highest vote ever cast by the Democracy was 625, the silver clubs have an enrollment of 1,736, while such Republican counties as Huron and Sciota abound in Democratic clubs.—*Cleveland, O., Plain Dealer.*

TWINKLINGS.

—"Of course," remarked the Husband of One of Them, "I don't know what the women folks play at their card club, but I hear them saying that white chip bats look dreadfully cheap."—*Detroit Tribune.*

— "Those South Americans are so highstrung that they want to fight on the smallest provocation."

Crankshaft—"High geared, I should judge, from the number of revolutions they make."—*Brooklyn Life.*

— A Consoling Feature: "Isn't it sad that the flowers fade?" said the little girl with the poetic temperament.

"It is sad," replied the young man, who had to say something to the little girl with the poetical temperament; "but it's a good thing for the florists."—*Puck.*

— "The essential difference between the man and the woman," said the cheerful idiot, "is one of wear and tear."

"Eh?" said the new boarder.

"Yes. Man spends his money foolishly on a tear and woman on wear."—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— Algernon—"For a long time I was in doubt whether to kiss Miss Maude or not."

Alfred—"Well, what did you do?"

Algernon—"Gave her the benefit of the doubt."—*Washington Times.*

— "Ahoy, there," called the master of hades. Charon was palpably confused as he warped his boat into the dock. "I beg your pardon," he said, "but the fact is, I have felt the liberal movement in theology and I forget some of the landing places now and then."—*Detroit Tribune.*

Taken in time Hood's Sarsaparilla prevents serious illness by keeping the blood pure and all the organs in a healthy condition. †

A PARTNERSHIP.

On a summer morning a young man turned down a Yarmouth row. He was a handsome young fellow, somewhat shabbily dressed, and as he walked he carelessly took stock of his surroundings. Near the bottom of the row a window was open, and by a geranium that bloomed in a pot, the first and only flower he had seen, a girl was leaning lightly on her elbow.

"I ax you agin, John Wade," shouted he of the oily, "if you're a-goin to sea?"

"An I tell you agin, skipper," replied a dogged voice from the interior, "I ain't a-goin to sea."

"Then," cried the giant wildly, "what am I to do? Here's the wessel ready to sail, an you a-sulkin. But, as sure as my name is Bill Thompson, I'll police ye."

The girl at the window, who seemed used to such scenes, smiled. Looking up at her, he saw for the first time that she was in deep mourning.

"Am I of any use?" he said to the wearer of the oily. "I want a job."

"Come on, then," cried the delighted fisherman. "But stop. What's your name, my lad?"

"John Smith," was the answer, and his hesitation escaped the skipper.

"Well, Smith, for fear o' accidents some one had better take your money. Who'll ye leave it with?"

The young man again looked up at the window.

"Oh, I see!" he exclaimed. "You're going to take it, miss. Well, you know where to go. Old Tom Price is the owner, an the name of the wessel the Saucy Lass. Come on, Smith. No more hankyin. Your sweetheart 'ull take your money," and he seized the newly shipped by the arm.

"No, no," she cried in confusion, "I do not know the gentleman. I—I"—

But already Smith, with the hand of the skipper on his arm, had been hurried out of earshot, and before she could reach the door the two had vanished down the row.

Eight weeks later a young man, bronzed and hearty, stood on Yarmouth quay. It was John Smith. His sea rig had given place to a decent suit of clothes, and he seemed pondering which way to go. At last he wandered away to the seashore. Finding a spot where pale blue violets lay low among the sea grass, he flung himself down and pulled out an envelope. It contained a postoffice order wrapped in a sheet of note paper, and on this was written, "Katherine Perry." The amount was the sum due to him on his pay card. He had been to the house, but found her gone. Yet here was his money left by her in this form.

On his homeward path he stopped to buy a morning paper. Quite undisturbed, he began to look it over. Suddenly he caught his breath. His gaze was riveted on an advertisement that read thus:

"George Neal is earnestly requested to communicate with Messrs. Furness & Wapp, solicitors, Lincoln's Inn Fields, when he will hear of something to his advantage. Any person knowing of the whereabouts of the said G. N., and communicating the same to the above firm, will be suitably rewarded."

Before noon that day John Smith had shaken the dust of Yarmouth from his feet and was on his way to London. As he burst into the office a carefully dressed old gentleman wearing a pair of gold rimmed glasses stepped forward to greet him. This he did by nearly shaking his arm off.

"Why, my dear George," he cried, "how glad I am to see you! We have been advertising for you all over the country. How is it you haven't seen our advertisement before?"

In a few words the young man told his tale. The old solicitor listened with much interest; then his face grew grave.

"So you have not heard the news, my boy," he said. "Your uncle is dead."

"Dead!" repeated George Neal sadly. "And we parted in anger merely because I refused to follow the profession he had chosen for me."

"If we thought oftener of the king of terrors there would be fewer quarrels," said the lawyer kindly; "but he, too, was sorry, George, though when you hear the rest you may think he took an odd way of showing it. I was called in to draw up a fresh will. Subject to one condition he made his property over to you."

"And that condition?"

"Excuse me a moment," said Mr. Furness, looking at his watch. "I expect a lady here presently. Let us step into my private room."

"And that condition?" said George Neal firmly.

"Now, my dear boy," said the lawyer, "don't fire up. You have had your way; let the dead man have his. In some little miserable seaport on the east coast your uncle had, what nearly every successful man has nowadays, a poor relative. It came to his knowledge that this poor relative had died and left a daughter. This was quite enough for your uncle and he made it a requisite condition that you marry her. The lady's name is"—

"Stop!" With his face expressing all the bitterness he felt the young man rose.

Footsteps had been coming nearer every moment, and involuntarily Neal's face turned to the door. The clerk came first. Then the lawyer, with old fashioned courtesy, hastened forward to intercept the visitor.

"Miss Kate Perry," he said, "and this, my dear young lady, is Mr. George Neal."

All the blood that was in Neal's body rushed to his face. He stood grasping at the back of his chair, unable to utter a word.

Then the little hand that the lawyer held started trembling so violently that it attracted Mr. Furness' attention, and he hastily led her to a chair.

"It is possible," he said, "that my introduction comes a trifle late. Am I wrong in this surmise?"

"I—I," stammered Kate. "Mr. Smith!" Then she stopped, blushing deeply.

At last George Neal's tongue was untied, and he hastened to the rescue. "I have met this young lady before," he said, "under very singular circumstances. We now meet under circumstances stranger still. An explanation is due to her, and if you will give a little time to explain"—

"Certainly, certainly," said Mr. Furness, rubbing his hands. "Take all the time you require. I am quite content to let Cupid take my place as mediator," and, with a beaming face, he bowed himself out.

When it seemed to the despairing clerk that the best part of the day had gone, Mr. Furness went back to his visitors.

"May I hope," he said gently, "that the explanation has not been a tiresome one?"

"No," said George, with a glowing face. "To me it hasn't. I have offered my dear Kate the property without incumbrance. But she has refused to accept it on any such terms. What are we to do?"

"My advice," said the old lawyer, "is to go into partnership. And if the wishes of a dry old bit of legal parchment who had a love dream once can follow you far, they will repeat good luck and much happiness."—London News.

Gloom

Of ill health, despondency and despair, gives way to the sunshine of hope, happiness and health, upon taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, because it gives renewed life and vitality to the blood, and through that imparts nerve strength, vigor and energy to the whole body. Read this letter:

to

"Hood's Sarsaparilla helped me wonderfully, changed sickness to health, gloom to sunshine. No pen can describe what I suffered. I was deathly sick, had sick headaches every few days and those terrible tired, despondent feelings, with heart troubles so that I could not go up and

Sunshine

down stairs without clasping my hand over my heart and resting. In fact, it would almost take my breath away. I suffered so I did not care to live, yet I had much to live for. There is no pleasure in life if deprived of health, for life becomes a burden. Hood's Sarsaparilla does far more than advertised. After taking one bottle, it is sufficient to recommend itself." MRS. J. E. SMITH, Beloit, Iowa.

Hood's

Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills, biliousness, headache. 25 cents.

IN CASE YOU SMOKE



BUY LYON & CO'S PICK LEAF EXTRA SMOKING TOBACCO

Made from the Purest, Ripest and Sweetest leaf grown in the Golden Belt of North Carolina. Cigarette Book goes with each 2-oz. pouch.

ALL FOR 10 CENTS.

A Pleasant, Cool and Delightful Smoke.

LYON & CO. TOBACCO WORKS, DURHAM, N. C.

— "Why, my man, there used to be two mills there."

"Yes, sir, they found there was only wind enough for one."—*Sketch.*

The Ideal Panacea.

James L. Francis, Alderman, Chicago, says: "I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as an Ideal Panacea for Coughs, Colds and Lung Complaints, having used it in my family for the last five years, to the exclusion of physician's prescriptions or other preparations."

Rev. John Burgus, Keokuk, Iowa, writes: "I have been a Minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church for 50 years or more, and have never found anything so beneficial, or that gave me such speedy relief as Dr. King's New Discovery." Try this Ideal Cough Remedy now. Trial bottles free at R. R. Bellamy's drug store. †

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—		
2 ℔ Jute	@	6¼
Standard	@	6¾
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ℘ ℔	12 @	14
Sides ℘ ℔	6 @	7
Shoulders ℘ ℔	6 @	6¼
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ℘ ℔	4 @	4¼
Shoulders ℘ ℔	@	4¼
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	1 00 @	1 10
New New York, each	1 35 @	1 40
New City, each	@	1 40
BEESWAX ℘ ℔	23 @	24
BRICKS—		
Wilmington ℘ M	6 50 @	7 00
Northern	9 00 @	14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina ℘ ℔	15 @	
Northern	23 @	
CORN MEAL—		
Per Bushel, in sacks	40 @	40
Virginia Meal	40 @	40
COTTON TIES—℘ bundle	@	1 40
CANDLES—℘ ℔—		
Sperm	18 @	25
Adamantine	9 @	10
CHEESE—℘ ℔—		
Northern Factory	10 @	11
Dairy, Cream	11 @	12
State	@	10
COFFEE—℘ ℔—		
Laguyra	20 @	
Rio	13 @	17
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ℘ yard	@	5¾
Yarns, ℘ bunch	18 @	20
EGGS—℘ dozen	9 @	8
FISH—		
Mackerel, No 1, ℘ barrel	22 00 @	30 00
Mackerel, No 1, ℘ half-barrel	11 00 @	15 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℘ barrel	16 00 @	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℘ half-barrel	8 00 @	9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ℘ barrel	13 00 @	14 00
Mullets, ℘ barrel	3 00 @	3 25
Mullets, ℘ pork barrel	5 75 @	6 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℘ keg	3 00 @	3 25
Dry Cod, ℘ ℔	5 @	10
" Extra	3 35 @	3 50
FLOUR—℘ barrel—		
Low grade	3 25 @	3 00
Choice	3 25 @	3 25
Straight	4 10 @	4 50
First Patent	4 45 @	4 47
GLUE—℘ ℔—	7½ @	8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—		45
Corn, from store, bags—White	@	42½
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White	@	42½
Corn, cargo, in bags—White	@	40
Oats, from store	30 @	32½
Oats, Rust Proof	40 @	40
Cow Peas	40 @	
HIDES, ℘ ℔—		
Green	@	6
Dry	@	8
HAY, ℘ 100 ℔s—		
Eastern	@	1 05
Western	@	90
North River	@	85
HOOP IRON, ℘ ℔	3 @	2¼
LARD, ℘ ℔—		
Northern	5 @	6
North Carolina	6 @	10
LIME, ℘ barrel	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed), ℘ M feet—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00 @	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00 @	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00 @	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00 @	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00 @	15 00
MOLASSES, ℘ gallon—		
New Crop Cuba, in hhds	@	22
" " " in bbls	@	23
Porto Rico, in hhds	25 @	29
" " in bbls	@	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	12 @	14
" " in bbls	14 @	15
Syrup, in bbls	13 @	
NAILS, ℘ keg, Cut 60d basis	2 35 @	2 64
PORK, ℘ barrel—		
City Mess	@	8 00
Rump	@	7 50
Prime	@	7 50
ROPE, ℘ ℔	10 @	22
SALT, ℘ sack Alum	@	75
Liverpool	@	65
Lisbon	@	
American	@	65
On 125 ℔ Sacks	40 @	45
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℘ M	5 00 @	6 50
Common	1 60 @	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50 @	3 50
SUGAR, ℘ ℔—Standard Granu'd	@	4⅜
Standard A	@	4¼
White Ex. C	@	4⅛
Extra C, Golden	4 @	4⅛
C. Yellow	@	3
SOAP, ℘ ℔—Northern	3¾ @	4
STAVES, ℘ M—W. O. barrel	8 00 @	14 00
R. O. Hogshead	@	10 00
TIMBER, ℘ M feet—Shipping	@	9 00
Mill, Prime	@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50 @	4 50
Common Mill	4 00 @	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary	@	3 00
TALLOW, ℘ ℔	5 @	
WHISKEY, ℘ gallon—Northern	1 00 @	2 00
North Carolina	1 00 @	2 00
WOOL, ℘ ℔—Washed	12 @	14
Unwashed	9 @	10

Children's Silver

Many of the prettiest, as well as of the most useful articles in GORHAM Silver are for the Children: Spoons, Plates, Cups, Porringers, Rattles Toilet articles in sets, or sold singly—welcome presents always, because of their durability and of the sentiment that attaches to Children's Silver—if it be sterling, as it should be, and always will be if it's GORHAM.

Too good for Dry Goods Stores—Jewelers only.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, September 22.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market firm at 23 cents per gallon for machine-made casks, and 23½ cents for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1 35 per bbl for Strained, and $1 40 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market steady at $1 05 per bbl of 280 ℔s.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Firm. Hard 1.30, Yellow Dip and Virgin 1.65 per barrel.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine 25½@25c; rosin, strained, $1 12½; good strained $1 17½; tar $1 20; crude turpentine $1 10, 1 50, 1 60.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	70
Rosin	581
Tar	115
Crude Turpentine	38

Receipts same day last year—135 casks spirits turpentine, 634 bbls rosin, 68 bbls tar, 28 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market steady. Quotations:

Ordinary	5⅜	cts ℘ ℔
Good Ordinary	6¾	" "
Low Middling	7⅜	" "
Middling	7⅝	" "
Good Middling	8 1-16	" "

Same day last year, middling 7⅜c.

Receipts—2,759 bales; same day last year 1,921.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 40@50c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 55c; Fancy, 60@65c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 60@65c; Fancy, 65@70c.

CORN.—Firm; 38 to 40 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 9 to 11½c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 7½c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1 60 to 2 25; six inch, $2.50 to 3 50; seven inch; $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $3.00 to 7.50 per M.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, September 22—Evening.—Money on call was easy at 4@5 per cent; last loan at 4, closing offered at 4 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 8@10 per cent. Sterling exchange was weak; actual business in bankers bills 481¼@481½ for sixty days and 483½@483¾ for demand. Commercial bills 480@481. Government bonds were firm; United States coupon fours 107½; United States twos 92½. State bonds dull; North Carolina fours 92½; North Carolina sixes 110 bid. Railroad bonds higher. Silver at the Stock Exchange to day quiet.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, September 22—Evening.—Cotton quiet; middling gulf 8 13 16c; middling uplands 8 9-16c.

Cotton futures closed steady at decline; September 8 03, October 8 07, November 8 07, December 8 18, January 8 26, February 8 31, March 8 35, April 8 39, May 8 42, June 8 45. Sales 216,500 bales.

Cotton—net receipts 1,847 bales; gross 3,567 bales; exports to Great Britain 956 bales; to France — bales; to the Continent 873 bales; forwarded 121 bales; sales — bales; sales to spinners 266 bales; stock (actual) 72,934 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 50,362 bales; exports to Great Britain 956 bales; to France 6 743 bales; to the Continent 873 bales; stock 561,149 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 145,841 bales; exports to Great Britain 7,713 bales; to France 12 843 bales; to the Continent 20,679 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 599,493 bales; exports to Great Britain 107,987 bales; exports to France 26 387 bales; exports to the Continent 66,481 bales.

Flour—market firm, quiet, unchanged; Southern was quiet and firm; common to fair extra $2 00@2 60; good to choice $2 60@2 90. Wheat—spot market quiet and firmer; options opened firm and advanced ⅜@⅜c, fell ⅛@⅜c and closed steady at ¼@⅜c over yesterday; No. 2 red May —c; September 67½c; October 67½c; November 68½c; December —c. Corn—spot dull and easier; No. 2 26⅝c at elevator and 27⅝c afloat; options advanced ⅛@⅜c, fell ⅜@½c, closed weak at unchanged prices to ⅛c decline; September 26⅜c; October 26⅝; November 27⅜c; December —c; May —. Oats—spot more active and stronger; options firmer and more active; September 20⅜c; October 21c; December 21⅝c; May —c; spot—No. 2 20⅜c; No. 2 white 24½c; mixed Western 19@22c. Lard quiet and firmer; Western steam $3 92½; city $3 55; September $3 87, nominal; refined in better demand; Continent $4 30 South America $4 60; compound $3 75@4 00. Pork quiet, firm; new mess $7 75@8 50. Butter steady; demand fair; State dairy 10@14c; do. extra creamery 11@15; Western dairy 7½@11c; Elgins 15c. Eggs firmer; demand fair; State and Pennsylvania 16@17; Western fresh 14@16½; do. per case $2 10@3 60. Cotton seed oil steady and dull; crude 21@22c; yellow prime 23½@24c. Rice in fair demand, firm and unchanged. Molasses firm, fairly active and unchanged. Peanuts steady; fancy hand-picked 3⅜@4c. Coffee—options steady and 10 to 15 points down; October $9 30@9 9 40; December $8 85 8 95; February $8 85@8 95; April $9 00; spot Rio dull but steady, No. 7, $10 37½; Sugar—raw dull but steady; fair refining 2⅞c; centrifugal 96c test —c; refined quiet, steady and unchanged.

CHICAGO, September 22.—Cash quotations: Flour was firm at quotations: hard wheat spring patents $3 35@3 40; soft wheat $3 10@3 30. Wheat—No. 2 spring 61⅛@62⅝c; No. 2 red 64@65⅜c. Corn—No 2, 21½@21⅜c. Oats—No. 2, 16½c. Mess pork, per bbl, $5 95@6 00. Lard—per 100 lbs, $3 55@3 57½. Short rib sides, loose, per 100 lbs. $3 20@3 30. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, per 100 lbs, $3 50@3 75. Short clear sides, boxed, per 100 lbs $3 50@3 62½. Whiskey $1 18.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—September 62, 62⅝, 61⅛, 61⅞; December 62⅝@62⅞, 63⅜, 62½, 62⅞; May 66⅝@66⅞, 67½, 66⅜, 66⅜@66½; Corn—September 21⅛, 21⅛, 21⅛, 21⅜c; October 21⅛, 21⅛, 21⅛, 21⅜; December 22, 22½@22⅜, 21⅞, 21⅞c; May 24⅞, 25½@25⅛, 24⅞, 24⅞@24⅞c. Oats—September 16⅞, 16⅛, 16⅛, 16⅛c; October 16½, 16⅛, 16⅛, 16⅛c; December 16⅞, 17, 16⅞@16⅞, 16⅞@16⅞c; May 19½@19⅝, 19⅝, 19⅛, 19⅛, 19⅛. Mess pork—October $5 95, 5 97½, 5 95½, 5 95; January $7 10, 7 10, 7 02½, 7 05. Lard—October $3 52½, 3 57½, 3 52½, 3 57½; January $3 95, 3 97½, 3 95, 3 97½. Short ribs—October $3 20, 3 20, 3 15, 3 20; January $3 52½, 3 52½, 3 50, 3 50.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 22.—Flour very firm and unchanged. Wheat strong; spot 65⅜@65⅜c; September 65⅝@65⅝c; October 66½@66⅝c; December 68@68½c; Steamer No. 2 red 60⅝@60⅞c; Southern by sample 64@67½c; do on grade 63⅜@66⅜c. Corn strong; spot, September and October 27@27½c; new or old, November or December, 27½@27⅝c; January 27⅝@27⅞c; Steamer mixed 23@23½c; Southern white 27@28½c; do yellow 28@29½c; Oats steady; No. 2 white 24@25c; No. 2 mixed 21c asked.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Sept. 22—Galveston, firm at 7⅞, net receipts 11,784 bales; Norfolk, easy at 8, net receipts 4,234 bales; Baltimore, quiet at 8¼, net receipts — bales; Boston, quiet at 8⅝, net receipts 336 bales, Wilmington, steady at 7⅝, net receipts 2,750 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 8 13 16c, net receipts 56 bales; Savannah, quiet at 7⅝, net receipts 5,783 bales; New Orleans, easy at 7 13-16, net receipts 18,800 bales; Mobile, easy at 7⅝, net receipts 1,083 bales; Memphis, steady at 7⅝, net receipts 2,515 bales; Augusta, quiet at 7⅞, net receipts 2 651 bales; Charleston, firm at 7 11-16, net receipts 3,000 bales.

FOREIGN MARKETS

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 22.—12.30 P. M.—Cotton, moderate demand and prices favor buyers. American middling 4¾d. Sales 10,000 bales, of which 9,100 were American; speculation and export 500. Receipts 5 000 bales, of which 4,400 were American. Futures opened quiet and demand moderate. September 4 39-64d; September and October 4 36-64d; October and November 4 33-64, 4 31-64, 4 30-64@4 31-64d; November and December 4 30 64, 4 29-64, 4 28 64, 4 27 64@4 28-64d; December and January 4 30-64, 4 29-64, 4 28 64, 4 27-64@4 28-64d; January and February 4 30 64, 4 29 64, 4 30 64, 4 29-64, 4 28-64, 4 27 64, 4 28 64@4 27 64d; February and March 4 30 64d; March and April 4 30 64 4 28-64@4 27 64d; May and June 4 29 64d; June and July 4 29 64d. Futures quiet.

1 45 P. M.—American spot grades 1 32d lower. American middling fair 5 3-32d; good middling 4 27 32d; middling 4 23 32d; low middling 4⅝d; good ordinary 4⅜d; ordinary 4 5 16d.

4 P. M.—September 4 37-64d seller; September and October 4 32 64d; October and November 4 29 64d; November and December 4 27-64d; December and January 4 27 46d seller; January and February 4 26 64@4 27-64d buyer; February and March 4 27-64d value; March and April 4 27 64@4 28 64d seller; April and May 4 28 64d; May and June 4 28-64@4 29 64d seller; June and July 4 28-64@4 29 64d buyer. Futures closed steady.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Stmr Frank Sessoms, Ward, Point Caswell, Jas Madden.

Steamship Croatan, McKee, New York, H G Smallbones.

CLEARED.

Stmr Frank Sessoms, Ward, Point Caswell, Jas Madden.

Steamer D Murchison, Williams, Fayetteville, James Madden.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., Sept. 23, 1896.

SCHOONERS.

B I Hazard, 372 tons, Blatchford, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
Schr Wm F Green, 254 tons, Johnson, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
Lelia Smith, 264 tons, Smith, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
John C Cottingham, 226 tons, Thomas, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
Thomas N Stone, 375 tons, Newcomb, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

STEAMSHIPS.

Glenmavis (Br), 1,353 tons, Wallace, Alex Sprunt & Son.
Ormsby (Br), 1,828 tons, Robinson, Alex Sprunt & Son.
Thruston (Br), 1,178 tons, Wood, Alex Sprunt & Son.
Carlton (Br), 2,006 tons, Adams, Alex Sprunt & Son.

BARQUES.

Pandur (Dan), 562 tons, Schmidt, J T Riley & Co.
Verdandi (Swed), 507 tons, Westerburg, J T Riley & Co.
Italia (Ital), 595 tons, Acquamata. ——.

MAXTON BUILDING
—AND—
LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton, N. C.

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G. B. Sellers, Maxton.
G. B. Patterson, Maxton.
Wm. H. Bernard, Wilmington.
E. F. McRae, Raemont.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits on Six Series of Stock in this Association have been over

Fourteen Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share. Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.

The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B. HARKER, Secretary.

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Hearse Exclusive for Whites $5.00. Carriage for funeral, $2 50. Hearse for White and Colored, $4 00. Horse and Buggy one hour, $1.00; afternoon $2 00. Carriage, Team and Driver one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.50. Horse and Surry one hour, $1 00; afternoon, $3.00. Team and Trap one hour, $1.00; afternoon, $3.50. Saddle Horse one hour, 50 cents; afternoon, $1.50. Furniture Wagon with careful attention, $1.00 per load.

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Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep **natural. Castoria** contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,
111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

From personal knowledge and observation I can say that Castoria is an excellent medicine for children, acting as a laxative and relieving the pent up bowels and general system very much. Many mothers have told me of its excellent effect upon their children."
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"For several years I have recommended 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results."
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"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach."
CARLOS MARTYN, D.D.,
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A Practically Perfect Preparation For Children's Complaints

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has been the standard for forty years and is more popular to-day than ever before.

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is the ideal complexion powder—beautifying, refreshing, cleanly, healthful and harmless. A delicate, invisible protection to the face.

With every box of POZZONI'S a magnificent Scovill's GOLD PUFF BOX is given free of charge.

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THE GREAT REMEDY FOR ALL BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES

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and all manner of EATING, SPREADING and RUNNING SORES. It is by far the best tonic and blood purifier ever offered to the world. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5. For sale by druggists.

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sep 8 tf

THE NEW GIRL.

There was a young lady of Troy
Whose life was a mission of joy.
She was fair as a flower,
And grace was her dower,
And to court her was pleasant employ.

But now there's a change taken place,
Rave not o'er her maidenly grace,
For true are the rumors
That she has donned bloomers,
Which she wears with no blush on her face

Alas, for this maiden of Troy,
That she should her chances destroy,
For do you suppose
That a man would propose
To a girl who looks more like a boy?
—Troy Press.

A MUTINOUS COOK.

A woman may be mistress of herself though china fall, up to a certain limit, beyond which no conception of heroism reaches. The model woman screams at a spider and discusses the merits of wired sleeves serenely while a priceless vase goes crashing to the floor. Such is the standard of feminine courage, the foot rule by which a woman may be measured. Yet when not one piece of china, but two pieces, and three, and four, fall, the standard becomes useless. A woman is not expected to bear more.

Yet more came. There was a fifth crash in the kitchen. Mrs. Melville stopped in the midst of telling Ritchie—of the Sixth—that anchovy paste was to be struck off the commissary list. She stopped and looked appealingly at Melville.

"Austin, can't you do something?"

Austin gathered up his napkin, put his hand on the table and started to push back his chair; then he sank down again and restored his napkin to its place on his knee. "If I go in there and he gets impertinent, I'll break his head—which would be bad for his head and, incidentally, for my official neck."

"But its head's of china."

"Well, there's is plenty more china, and when that gives out the quartermaster has a new invoice of tinware."

"But seriously, Austin, there won't be a thing left for the general to eat off of. What are we going to do about it?"

"I think the epidemic is over. There has not been a dish broken that I know of in five minutes. You must be reasonable and make due allowances for him, Matty. It's hot out there. It's hot here too. It's hotter than blazes everywhere."

"I think, my dear, you are bordering on profanity. Of course it's hot. Within the memory of the oldest inhabitant it has never been even cool in Arizona in July. You really can't expect the inspector general to bring ice. Mr. Ritchie, don't you think he ought to do something?"

"I must respectfully decline to enter into a family difference. You and Melville must settle the question between yourselves. Only let me suggest that if it comes to the actual breaking of heads I'd take it out on Sing and not on one another."

"There, Austin!" fairly screamed Mrs. Melville, jumping up. "There goes another, and yet you sit and laugh. Oh how horrid you can be!"

"Sit down, Matty, and talk sense. Suppose I should go out there and attempt to reason with Sing? In the natural sequence of events it would come to pass that in his present humor he would be so ugly that I should feel obliged, as I said, to break his head. Apart from the distant consequences of that act, you can see that the near ones would be pretty bad. You'd have to wash the breakfast dishes and do the housework and also cook and serve the general's dinner. Therefore the inadvisability of my reducing Sing's head to splinters is obvious, isn't it?"

"I suppose so, but I do wish to goodness Mrs. Lawrence's cook hadn't got married."

"So does she—the cook, I mean—since O'Halleran came home drunk two nights ago and thrashed her. He's been in the guardhouse ever since, and I'm out a good man. Shows what marriage does. Before he was married he didn't beat his wife. However, it wouldn't have made the slightest difference whether she had committed matrimony or not the Lawrences would never have had the general nor even a single member of the staff to dinner. She's never dined the paymaster, you know."

"I think it's too bad a first lieutenant's wife has to do it and all the rest of the entertaining for the post."

"You are also the adjutant's wife, remember."

"Yes, of course. I wonder what's the matter with Sing anyway?"

"That's obvious—approaching guests," observed Ritchie, stroking and curling his unduly military mustachios, the mustachios that have entwined and ensnared so many hearts in their silken meshes since then in the whirl of Washington society. Ritchie was Melville's second lieutenant at that time, and as he was not married and didn't like the bachelor mess he messed with his senior and that young officer's wife.

"Why didn't his cousin die, then?"

"Perhaps he realizes that the dead cousin's funeral is a little worn as a method of obtaining a leave."

"I should think so. One died when the paymaster was coming to dinner the time before last and another when the Indian agent was here, and he polished off two in anticipation of the paymaster's last trip."

"That's not all, Austin," pursued Mrs. Melville. "Generally he only slams when he has lost at faro the night before."

In pursuance of his method of warfare Sing precipitated a chopping bowl and knife to the floor with a resulting noise that only the falling of those two homely utensils could possibly accomplish. Melville bit his upper lip and clinched his fist.

"I wonder if it would do any good for me to go out and speak to him quietly?" suggested his wife.

"Suppose you try it. If he takes a carving knife to you, call out and we'll come to your rescue, but unless it's an actual carving knife don't get us mixed up in any domestic brawl."

Mrs. Melville patted her lace and ribbon breakfast cap down securely, took a long breath, arose, walked resolutely to the kitchen door, opened it, passed through and closed it behind her.

Melville and Ritchie listened. Melville leaned back in his pine Q. M. chair, with his ear bent toward the kitchen. Ritchie scraped salt into little ridges on the cloth with his knife. They could hear the droning of Mrs. Melville's voice, then a pause. She commenced and paused again and yet a third time, her voice rising a little higher at the last. But Sing was worshiping the god of silence.

After the third venture, Mrs. Melville came reluctantly out and resumed her seat.

"Well?"

"Well, I told him."

"Yes, we heard you. But what did he do?"

"He didn't do anything—much. He just didn't answer."

"Did he turn his back on you?"

"Well—yes."

"In short, he didn't pay any attention to you?"

"I suppose he didn't."

Melville took a biscuit and passed the plate on to Ritchie. "What the dickens is one going to do about it?" he asked of the opposite wall.

"If we were only nearer some town or the railroad, we might get some one else. But if we let Sing go, it may be months before we can get anybody else. I wouldn't mind cooking for you and Mr. Ritchie so much, though it's pretty hard work, but I actually can't get up a dinner for the inspector general and his staff and serve the dinner too."

A pan went clashing and clattering along the kitchen floor. Mrs. Melville sighed, Melville grew fiercer and Ritchie devoted himself to the mackerel. The shattering of a china dish broke the stillness. "That's six," breathed Mrs. Melville.

This time Melville bit his under lip as he put his napkin on the table beside his plate and pushed away his chair.

"Oh, Austin, you'd better not go," ventured his wife mildly.

He made no answer, but strode to the door and passed through. Ritchie resumed the salt scraping and Mrs. Melville grasped both arms of her chair and held her breath.

At first there was only the rolling of Melville's deep voice, then the sound of a sudden scuffle. Mrs. Melville gave a smothered scream and started up. "Sit down," commanded Ritchie, pushing back his own chair, but keeping his seat. Mrs. Melville sat down. There was only a momentary scraping of boots and Chinese slippers in the kitchen, then a series of thumps down the back steps and the scratching of gravel; also a low broken murmur from the yard.

"I guess," remarked Ritchie calmly, "that I'll go and see who's underneath."

Mrs Melville did not attempt to move again, but she watched the second lieutenant anxiously. He strolled to the window and stood there, one hand in his trousers pocket, the other stroking his mustachios.

"Well?" ventured the young woman finally.

Ritchie turned around and came back to his chair. "I guess Melville's doing about what he said he would—breaking Sing's head."

Weak cries like those of a little child came up from the back yard.

"Is that Sing?" asked the lady of the house.

"It doesn't sound much like Melville."

At the end of a couple of minutes Melville went past the window and in at the side door, and a little later he came into the dining room by the front entrance and resumed his seat. The shuffle of Sing's slippers could be heard in the kitchen. The adjutant, despite his smoothed hair and newly brushed coat, looked so ruffled as to temper that his wife wisely refrained from speech. Ritchie was bolder. "Has the police party got to come around and pick up the pieces?"

"No. I guess he's whole."

"Is he a little more reasonable?"

"Oh, he's doing the lamb act now."

"Tell us about it, Austin," begged Mrs. Melville.

"I just told him he'd got to stop his d——d nonsense and behave himself. Of course I didn't want to say anything ugly to make him madder. He muttered that he'd go, or something like that, and he flung the dish towel in my face. I was a little riled at that, but I don't think I'd have done anything except kick him out if I hadn't remembered the dinner. I knew he had to be pounded into staying. So I pounded. That's all."

Mrs. Melville flew into the sitting room a few hours later.

"Austin, he's vamoosed!"

Melville stood up, put down his newspaper and knocked the ashes from his cigar. "I'll go get him back," he said.

"How?"

"Send a detachment out for him and bring him back."

So Mrs. Melville watched and waited for half an hour and at the end of that time heard the shuffle of feet and the tramping of boots on the porch. Sing glided into the room, followed by his master. There was a guard at the door. "Here he is. Try the force of gentle persuasion, Matty."

Mrs. Melville was a coaxing little body; she could have moved any one but a Chinaman. Sing remained obdurate. "No," he grunted; "me no come back."

"Just to get dinner, Sing; you can go afterward."

"No."

She looked appealingly at her husband.

"Then you won't come back and get dinner tonight, Sing?" asked Melville.

"No."

"Guard, take this man and put him to chopping wood in the sun." It was rather a stretch of official and military authority, but even the commanding officer, who was to dine with the general, realized the urgency of the case.

An hour of woodchopping under guard, under all the untamed glory of an Arizona sun, brought Sing into subjection. He appeared, downcast, perspiring, gasping and penitent, at the door of Melville's quarters. "Missa Melville, me wantee slee Mis' Melville."

"No; you can't see her. She's lying down."

"Yes. Me wantee slee Mis' Melville. Me tellee Mis' Melville me come back."

"She no want you back, Sing."

"Oh, you go tellee."

"All right. I go tellee her. She no come, I think."

Melville disappeared and brought back his wife. Her face was contorted into an unrelenting frown.

"Well, Sing?" she demanded severely.

"Mis' Melville, me come back."

"No. I no want you come back."

"Me cookee good dinner. Allee samee heap good. Sun heap hot, makee my head hurt," moaned the child of the orient. "No breakee plates no more."

"All right," she consented reluctantly. "I keep you today maybe."

* * * * * * *

"Really, Mrs. Melville," said the grizzled inspector general as he sat beside his brilliant little hostess at the table and looked its length at the goodly array of yet unbroken dishes, "I can't see what you all make such a fuss about these western stations for. Of course they're a little far from the railroad, but you have pretty good society, you dress—well, exactly as they do in Washington, so far as my masculine eyes can tell; you live on the fat of the land, to judge from what I see before me, and you certainly have excellent domestic service."

Mrs. Melville blessed the happy thought which had made her place the general so that he could not see the guard standing over the Celestial cook out in the kitchen as the door swung to and fro. "Yes," she assented. "Still there are some inconveniences."

"You seem to have overcome them."

"We have—temporarily," she answered. —Gwendolen Overton in San Francisco Argonaut.

Origin of the Olympic Games.

Each tribe wished for itself the credit of having established the festival which drew to Olympia the strength, beauty and intelligence of all Greece. Some claimed that Zeus established the festival to commemorate his success in the contest with Cronus for the sovereignty of heaven—a myth which seems to point to a Pelasgic origin of the games. The Achæans coveted the honor for their hero Atreus and Strabo for the Etolians. More widely credited was the belief that the games were established by the Cretan Hercules, who in play challenged his brothers to run a race and to crown the victor with a branch of wild olive. To the interest of the Dorians was the myth of Apollo outrunning Hermes and Ares. But such myths do not necessarily imply a remote antiquity for the events to which they give a poetic coloring. It is more to the point that Homer describes several of the contests represented afterward in the great national games, and that some of them may even be found in Egyptian wall paintings of the second and third millennium before Christ.—Professor Allan Marquand in Century.

Reverence For the Bible.

There is a sin prevalent in our households of which we take little note, which, in fact, we encourage either by an indifference to it or by an active participation in its folly and wickedness—the use of the word of God for the purpose of making riddles, conundrums, puzzling questions, anagrams, etc., out of it. If we really believe in the divine origin of the Bible, can it be right to give it to children that they may construe its words into odd connections and make sport and laughter and mental legerdemain from its pages? Is it likely they will reverence on other occasions what has previously been food for their amusement? It is not, and we need not be astonished if the boys and girls who have been permitted to turn the leaves of their Bibles for pastime and entertainment turn them in after years to find pretext for their infidelity.—Amelia E. Barr in Ladies' Home Journal.

He travels safe and not unpleasantly who is guarded by poverty and guided by love.—Sir Philip Sidney.

The water snail has a gelatinous rope which he can lengthen or shorten at pleasure.

THE IDA'S CRUISE.

A yacht lying off Bay Ridge, Brooklyn. Three men in it. An invitation to go round the point to a village jamboree.

One of the characteristics of the mystic three was to be "in it." The big mainsail was soon out of stops, a minute or so more and it flapped in the gentle breeze, the jib filled and the Ida coquettishly careened as she cut a ribbon of silver out of the bay. Sure enough music could be heard as the lighthouse was passed.

The writer danced with a girl not exactly pretty, but with the face, form and vivacity of a gypsy. It occurred to him to invite her and several others for a sail. The girl started, objected and the proposition changed to a stroll. Well, it was moonlight—a beautiful night. The girl was fascinating. Who has not imagined himself in love even in half an hour's time under those influences? I am not sure—pardon this dropping into the first person, for it became personal then—but that I did love that girl then, and I said so.

"Pshaw," she said, "you don't love me. But I like you. Up to this moment you have been a gentleman to me. I'll forgive you this momentary lovemaking, and Jim will have to play his game with some other party. Come with me."

She darted around the pavilion with that same light step that made her waltzing captivating, and I wondered as I followed her who Jim was and what game he was up to. We came to the bluff that led down to the water where the Ida's mast could be dimly seen, a slender streak against the path of the moon.

"Oh, heavens! They've gone!" my companion gasped.

"Who?"

"Your boat and the men."

It was true. The Ida had disappeared, and the streak I had thought her mast was a blasted pine tree on the water's edge.

"My friends have taken her out for a sail. They should have taken me. But never mind."

"Your friends are a few feet away and coming now. Do you see that white spot out there? It's your pretty little yacht. Jim didn't dare take the Mabel tonight, for the revenue men have been watching her. Your boat can beat anything but her in a light breeze. But run to the road. I'll be there in a moment. They'll leave the stuff near Huntington. Get your friends."

A suspicion that there was something missing in that girl turned to real alarm for the Ida when the other remnants of the Mystic Three met me and informed me that they had been unceremoniously shaken by their girls. With a few words of what had happened we hurried to the road. A wagon was waiting there, and so was my gypsylike friend. Not a word was spoken as we drove off through the tree arched roadway. We must have gone three miles when our conductor drew up the tired horse.

"Promise me," she said, "that not one word of this night will ever leave your lips, and that you will do nothing to trace it up, and I will save your boat."

"But you? May I not find you again?" I asked.

She jumped from the wagon, and we followed suit. Taking the horse by the bridle, she backed and turned him in the narrow road. "Go home, Sham," she said, and the animal trotted away into the darkness. What could we do? We promised silence. Then my friend took my hand and started into the wood. We reached the shore. Two boats lay nearby. The graceful lines and low lying deck of one were unmistakable. It was the Ida. The mainsail was down and lapped in the water at the luff. There had been haste in leaving her. The other boat was a skipjack, one of those incomprehensible speedy boats of ungainly shape that skim all over the sound. A rowboat, another and still another put out to the Ida. Two returned after unloading something.

"Now is your chance," whispered the girl, for whom, by this time, I'd have given up the boat. "I'll bring that man ashore and lose him. Take the rowboat and get away as soon as you can." Then, turning to me, she said, "You may, but forget me," and lifted a pretty mouth. I did, but I have not forgotten her. A man on the Ida instantly dropped into the rowboat, and a few powerful strokes brought him ashore. A short discussion, and man and girl were gone. Little time it took to spring into the small boat and little longer to reach the Ida and set the sails, even putting the jib topsail on deck to set when we were away.

"By George, they're following us. And this is Long Island sound and an hour or so from Brooklyn."

The skipjack had set sail and was chasing us. She gained. We recognized her now as the Mabel, a boat that had given us a brush off Sea Cliff.

"Set the jib top sail," I shouted.

Water was hissing over the bow then. Back stay set, the little forward sail bulged out like a great white balloon and fairly lifted the bow out of the water. The wind was freshening every minute and veering to the south. As it was the tiller was hard holding. But we knew the Ida and laughed when the cushions rolled off the windward seats, while the dishes rattled in the lockers and the water rushed by the cabin to leeward. A gust sent the scuppers deep under the water. There was some heavy weight to leeward.

"Three casks," sang out one of the Mystic Three who had crawled into the cabin. "One's busted, and, Great Scott, it's whisky."

"Shift them," I shouted, and the whole thing flashed across my mind. The Ida had been used by moonshiners. We were flying before the wind now and the skipjack was gaining on us, as we could not use our headsails.

"Fire the things overboard. It'll lighten us, and that's all they want," I suggested as the tiller tugged hard. The Ida lugged a little in a strong breeze before the wind.

"Excuse us. This is a cinch. Let them hustle for it. We'll load the toy cannon and scare these behind the time pirates."

The yacht's cannon, about a foot long, was brought out on deck. It was tough work loading it, but it was done, and bang went a quarter of a pound of small nails and tacks. The skipjack came up into the wind, shivered a moment, filled on another tack and in a few moments was lost round a point. We had scared them.

A few weeks ago Deputy Collector McKinny captured a gang of moonshiners down on Long Island, and a short time later a note came to the writer.

"You may tell. Farewell. Inez."—Brooklyn Eagle.

Peering Into the Future.

"I would like to know," said the corn fed philosopher, "when woman succeeds in metamorphosing herself into a gentleman, will she drop her feminine privilege of betting on a sure thing?"—Indianapolis Journal.

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RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans	$499,601 75	Capital	$125,000 00
Overdrafts	None	Surplus $45,000 00	
U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (at par)	41,250 00	Undivided profits $17,767 01—	56,767 01
Banking House and Fixtures	10,0 0 00	Circulation	37,120 00
Redemption Fund	1,856 00	Total Deposits	493,800 95
Due from Reserve Agents $54,777 21			
Due from other Banks 48,866 98			
Cash on hand 63,336 02—	166,980 21		
Total	$712,687 96	Total	$712,687 96

DIRECTORS:—J. W. Norwood, W. E. Springer, D. L. Gore, C. W. Worth, S. P. McNair, E. J. Powers, Sam'l Bear, Jr., H. L. Vollers, W. C. Coker, Jr. J. L. Coker, Hartsville, S. C., G. A. Norwood, Greenvile, S. C

New York correspondent, Chemical National Bank.

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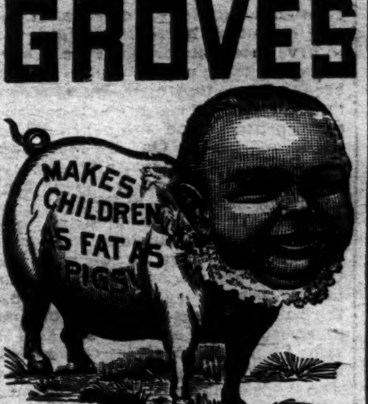
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A M	P M	—WILMINGTON—	P M	P M
	3 00	Lv...Mulberry street...Ar	12 40	
7 00	3 10	Lv....Surry street....Ar	12 30	3 25
9 30		Ar...Jacksonville......Lv		12 15
11 00	3 58	Lv " Ar	10 43	10 25
11 58	4 30	Lv...Maysville.........Lv	10 09	9 18
12 10	4 44	Lv...Pollocksville.....Lv	9 55	8 10
1 30	5 25	Ar...Newbern..........Lv	9 20	8 10
	P M		A M	

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Nos. 7 and 8 passenger trains.
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DEPARTURES FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.25 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.53 a m, Warsaw 11.06 a m, Goldsboro 12.01 a m, Wilson 12.52 p m, Rocky Mount 1.35 p m, Tarboro 2.40 p m, Weldon 3.32 p m, Petersburg 5.29 p m, Richmond 6.40 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, †Boston 3.30 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.30 p m, Warsaw 8.43 p m, Goldsboro 9.36 p m, Wilson 10.23 p m, †Tarboro 7.03 a m, Rocky Mount 11.05 p m, Weldon 1.01 a m, †Norfolk 10.40 a m, Petersburg 2.38 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.23 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.20 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.19 p m, Marion 6.29 p m, Florence 7.10 p m, Sumter 8.53 p m, Columbia 10.15 p m, Denmark 6.20 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.53 p m, Savannah 12.50 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m, St. Augustine 9.10 a m, Tampa 6.00 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY [illegible] P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave *Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.55 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.55 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.10 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.45 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12.03 a m, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 2.25 p m, Washington 3.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 2.20 p m, Weldon 9.44 p m, †Tarboro 5.58 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.20 a m, Goldsboro 7.05 a m, Warsaw 7.57 a m, Magnolia 8.10 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.?5 a m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 7.00 a m, Sanford 1.55 p m, Jacksonville 7.00 p m, Savannah 12.10 night, Charleston 4.55 a m, Columbia 5.45 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 7.10 a m, Florence 8.50 a m, Marion 9.31 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.16 a m.

*Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 p m, Halifax 4.12 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.05 p m, Greenville 6.47 p m, Kinston 7.45 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 20 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m. Arriving Halifax at 11.00 a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.00 a m and 2 00 p m, arrive Parmele 8.50 a m and 3 40 p m; returning leaves Parmele 9 5? a m and 6 20 p m, arrives Washington 11 25 a m and 7.10 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily at 5.3? p m, arrives Plymouth 7.35 p m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily at 7.4? a m, Arrive Tarboro 9.45 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6 00 a m; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 7.20 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield 7 50 a m, arrives Goldsboro, N. C., 9 15 a m.

Trains on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 8 20 a m and 4 10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m and 11 3? a m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9 15 a m, arrive Latta 9.31 a m, Dillon 9 36 a m, Rowland 9 53 a m, returning leaves Rowland 6 15 p m, arrives Dillon 6.35 p m, Latta 6.?? p m, Pee Dee 6.58 p m, daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 12.25 p m, leave Conway 2 30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 7.45 p m, arrive Darlington 8 12 p m, leave Darlington 8 17 a m, arrive Cheraw 9 ?? p m, Wadesboro 10 ?5 p m. Returning leave Wadesboro 5 50 a m, Cheraw 6 43 a m, Darlington 7.45 a m, arrive Florence 8.15 a m. Daily except Sunday. Sunday trains leave Floyds 9 40 a m, Darlington 1 45 a m, arrive Florence 8 10 a m. Returning leave Florence 9 a m, Darlington 9 31 a m, arrive Floyds 9 40 a m. Trains leave Gibson 6 15 a m, Bennettsville 6 41 a m, arrive Darlington 7.40 a m, Sumter 9 25 a m. Returning, leave Sumter 6 30 p m, Darlington 8 15 p m, arrive Bennettsville 9 09 p m, Gibson 9 35 p m.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6 06 p m, Manning 6.35 p m, arrive Lane's 7 12 p m, leave Lanes 8.34 a m, Manning 9.10 a m, arrive Sumter 9.39 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7 10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.25 a m, 5.25 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.10 p m, 11.18 p m, arrive Selma 2.55 p m, Smithfield 3.03 p m, Dunn 3.50 p m, Fayetteville 4.36 p m, 1.07 a m, Rowland 6.06 p m, returning leave Rowland 9 52 a m, Fayetteville 11.10 a m, 9.40 p m, Dunn 11.49 a m, Smithfield 12.27 p m, Selma 12.34 p m, arrive Wilson 1.20 p m, 11 35 p m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Sumter 4 53 a m, Creston 5 2? a m, arrive Denmark 6 20 a m. Returning leave Denmark 4 17 p m, Creston 5 16 p m, Sumter 6 05 p m Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5 45 a m, arrive Pregnalls 9 15 p m. Returning leaves Pregnalls 10 p m, arrives Creston 3 50 p m. Daily except Sunday.

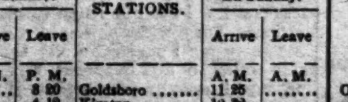
Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 11.10 a m and 7.15 p m, arrive Lucknow 1 p m and 8.15 p m, Returning leave Lucknow 6 05 a m and 2 00 p m, arrive Elliott 8.25 a m and 3 30 p m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. je 23 tf

Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad

Time Table.



In Effect Wednesday, May 27th, 1896.

GOING EAST. 3 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. 4 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
....	3 20	Goldsboro	11 25	....
....	4 12	Kinston	10 32	....
5 15	5 25	Newbern	9 17	9 30
6 37	6 42	Morehead City......	8 01	8 17
P. M	P. M		A. M	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11 35 a m, and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 p. m., and with W. N. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3 00 p m, and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 p. m. No. 1 train also connects with W. N. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

S. L. DILL, Sup't.

ma 27 tf

SCHEDULE OF THE Wilmington Seacoast Railroad.

IN EFFECT ON AND AFTER SEPTEMBER 14th, 1896.

TRAINS GOING.

Leave Wilmington—Daily except Sunday—6 30 a. m., 10.10 a. m., 2 30 p. m., 6.30 p. m.
Leave Wilmington—Sunday—10.00 a. m; 2.30 p. m.

RETURNING.

Leave Ocean View—Daily except Sunday—7.30 a. m., 11.00 a. m.; 5.30 p m., 9.00 p. m.
Leave Ocean View—Sunday—12.00 m; 6 00 p. m.

sep 13 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co.

JOHN GILL, Receiver.



CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT AUGUST 23, 1896.

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 1.	MAIN LINE.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 2.
7 55 p. m.	Ar...Wilmington...Lv	7 35 a. m
4 45 "	Lv...Fayetteville...Ar	10 41 "
4 33 "	Ar...Fayetteville...Lv	11 03 "
4 30 "	Ar Fayetteville Junc Lv	11 15 "
3 19 "	Lv.....Sanford.....Lv	12 40 p. m
1 53 a m	Lv......Climax......Lv	2 40 "
1 03 "	Lv....Greensboro....Ar	3 08 "
12 58 "	Ar....Greensboro....Lv	3 15 "
12 13 a m	Lv....Stokesdale....Lv	4 02 "
11 48	Lv...Walnut Cove...Lv	4 32 "
11 37 "	Ar...Walnut Cove...Lv	4 38 "
11 00 "	Lv....Rural Hall....Lv	5 12 "
9 45 "	Lv.....Mt Airy.....Ar	6 35 "

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 3.	Bennettsville Division.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 4.
7 15 p m	Ar...Bennettsville...Lv	8 45 a. m.
6 15 "	Lv......Maxton.....Ar	9 45 "
5 42 "	Lv...Red Springs...Lv	10 15 "
5 00 "	Lv....Hope Mills....Lv	10 53 "
4 45 "	Lv...Fayetteville...Ar	11 10 "

SOUTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 16. MIXED.	Factory and Madison Branches.	NORTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 16. MIXED.
5 50 p m	Ar....Ramseur....Lv	6 45 a.
4 05 "	Lv.....Climax.....Lv	8 35 "
3 10 "	Lv...Greensboro...Ar	9 20 "

NORTH BOUND	No. 16 MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Greensboro	9 35 a. m
Leave Stokesdale	10 50 "
Arrive Madison	11 50 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Madison	12 25 p. m
Leave Stokesdale	1 23 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 35 "

NORTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and East, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western R. R. for Winston Salem.

SOUTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and points North and West, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company for Raleigh, Richmond and all points North and East, at Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points South, at Maxton with the Seaboard Air Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points South and Southwest.

W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager.
aug 22 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE S.A.L.

VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS. DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

WEST AND SOUTH.

APRIL 5th, 1896.		No 41	No 403
Leave Wilmington,	S. A. L.	P. M. * 3 20	A. M.
Arrive Maxton	"	6 13	
Arrive Hamlet	"	6 5?	
Leave Hamlet	"	7 15	* 9 10
Arrive Wadesboro	"	8 01	9 52
Arrive Monroe	"	8 55	10 40
Leave Monroe	"	9 10	10 45
Arrive Charlotte	"	10 20	11 35
Arrive Lincolnton	"		P. M. 12 55
Arrive Shelby	"		1 50
Arrive Rutherfordton	"		3 00
Leave Hamlet	S. A. L.	A. M. † 9 25	
Arrive Osborne	"	9 50	
" Kollock	"	10 25	
" Cheraw	"	10 4?	
Leave Cheraw	S. A. L.		P. M. † 5 30
" Kollock	"		5 50
" Osborne	"		6 25
Arrive Hamlet	"		6 50
Leave Wilmington	S. A. L.	* 3 20	
Monroe	"	9 05	A. M. *10 45
Arrive Chester	"	10 32	12 08
Clinton	"	11 58	P. M. 1 20
" Greenwood	"	A. M. 1 00	2 33
" Abbeville	"	1 32	2 58
" Elberton	"	2 36	4 00
" Athens	"	3 38	5 1?
" Atlanta	"	5 2?	6 ??
Leave Atlanta	A. & W. P.	5 35	
Ar Montgomery	West of Ala.	10 45	
Arrive Mobile	L. & N.	P. M. 4 10	
" New Orleans	"	* 8 30	
Arrive Columbia	C. N. & L.	A. M. *10 00	P. M. * 4 30
Arrive Augusta	P. R. & W. C.	A. M. † 9 35	P. M. * 5 05
Arrive Macon	M & N.		P. M. * 6 40

EAST AND NORTH.

APRIL 5th, 1896.		No 38	No 402
Leave Wilmington	S. A. L		P. M. * 3 20
Arrive Hamlet	"	A. M.	6 5?
Leave Hamlet	"	* 8 15	10 35
Arrive Southern Pines	"	9 15	11 21
" Raleigh	"	11 26	A. M. 1 21
" Henderson	"	P. M. 1 0	2 33
" Weldon	"	* 3 00	* 4 05
Arrive Portsmouth	S. A. L	P. M. * 5 ??	A. M. 7 ?0
" Norfolk	"	6 00	7 ??
Arrive Richmond	A. C. L	* 6 40	* 6 ??
" Washington	P. R. R.	11 10	10 45
" Baltimore	"	A. M. 12 48	12 05
" Philadelphia	"	3 45	2 20
" New York	"	* 6 53	* 4 31

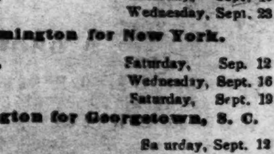
Arrive in Wilmington from all points North, East, South and West, 12 50 noon Daily, and 8.50 a. m. daily except Monday.

Pullman Sleepers between Hamlet and Atlanta. Trains 403, 402, 41 and 38
Pullman Sleepers between Hamlet and Portsmouth. Trains 402, 403, 38 and 41.
Pullman Sleepers between Hamlet and Washington. Trains 403 and 402. Trains 403 and 402 are "The Atlanta Special."
Pullman Sleepers between Charlotte and Richmond. Trains 402 and 403
Close connections at Atlanta for New Orleans, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis and the West and Northwest
Close connections at Portsmouth for Washington, Baltimore Philadelphia, New York and the East.

*Daily. †Daily ex Sunday. ‡Daily ex. Monday.
For further information apply to
THOS. D. MEARES, Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N C.
T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt.
H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.
V. E. McBEE, Gen. Supt.
E. ST. JOHN, Vice-President and Gen'l Manager.
ma 12 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C AND Georgetown, S. C., Lines.



New York for Wilmington

ONEIDA,	Saturday,	Sept. 12
CROATAN,	Saturday,	Sept. 19
PAWNEE,	Wednesday,	Sept. 23

Wilmington for New York.

CROATAN,	Saturday,	Sep. 12
PAWNEE,	Wednesday,	Sept. 16
ONEIDA,	Saturday,	Sept. 19

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

PAWNEE,	Saturday,	Sept. 12
ONEIDA	Tuesday,	Sept. 15

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight or passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y. sep 11 tf

D. O'Connor,



REAL ESTATE AGENT, WILmington, N. C. Stores, Offices and Dwellings for rent. Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, taxes and insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved city real estate. sep 6 tf

The Morning Star.
WILMINGTON, N. C.
WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPT. 23

MR. BRYAN'S ITINERARY.

Arrangements for a Three Days' Tour in West Virginia.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, September 22.—Mr. John T. McGraw, of West Virginia, a member of the National Committee, at Democratic headquarters to-day, arranged the itinerary for Mr. Bryan during the three days that the candidate will be at the disposal of the West Virginia State committee. Mr. Bryan, according to this arrangement, will leave New York on the night of the 29th of September and reach Washington at 7 o'clock on the morning of the 30th, over the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad. He will leave Washington at 8 a. m., September 30, reaching Harper's Ferry at 9 40, where he will speak for twenty minutes. Arriving at Martinsburg at 10.30 he will have one hour and fifteen minutes, and at Cumberland, where he is due at 2 15 p. m., he will be given fifty-three minutes. By special train he will be taken to Keyser, arriving at 4.30, where a stay of one and one-half hours will be made. The run will then be made from Keyser to Grafton for a night meeting which will be held at 8 o'clock. October 1—Leave Grafton at 6 a. m. for Clarksburg, where he will arrive at 10 a. m. and remain one and one-half hours. Arriving at Parkersburg at 2.30, the party will remain one hour. The trip from Parkersburg to Wheeling will be made by special train, reaching Wheeling at 7.30. for a night meeting. After this Mr. Bryan leaves for Charleston, arriving there early on the morning of the 3rd. He will speak at 10 o'clock, remaining for one hour and a half. The party will then take a special train to Huntington, arriving there at 1 o'clock, giving an hour and a half to the people at that point. At Huntington Mr. Bryan will bid farewell to West Virginia and take the regular C. & O. train, the fast flying Virginian, for St. Louis, to attend the meeting of the National Democratic Club. He will be accompanied through West Virginia by a special escort committee.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Wheat Closed Firm and Lower—Oats Lower—Lard and Ribs Higher.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, September 22.—The wheat market to-day was a strong one, but the intensity of the strength showed moderation at the close. December wheat opened from 62⅝ to 62⅞c, sold between 63⅜ and 62⅛c, closing at 62⅛c bid—⅛@⅜c higher than yesterday. Cash wheat was firm and from ⅜@1c per bushel higher, closing steady at the inside quotation.

Corn—A moderate amount of bull talk on corn, based principally on the belief that plenty would beget waste, assisted by the strong wheat market, had the effect of lifting prices in this market quite a little for a time. The general trade, however, is suspicious of bull movements in this cereal just at present; so that there was an absence of enthusiasm to-day. May corn opened at 24⅞c, sold between 24⅝ and 25⅛@25⅛c, closing at 24⅝@24⅞c—a shade over yesterday. Cash corn was firm and ⅛c per bushel higher.

Oats responded slightly to the improved condition of the other markets. Dull trade was, however, a drawback to buoyancy. May oats closed ⅛c under yesterday. Cash oats were firm and ⅛c higher.

Provisions were firm, but not active, nor yet decidedly dull. The firm[illegible] prevailing was a gift from the ho[illegible] grain markets, but the opinion [illegible] fessionals recently made public of pro[illegible] situation lack[illegible] that the tended to [illegible] bull encouragement close[illegible] deter buyers. January pork ar[illegible] unchanged from yesterday. January lard 5@7½c higher and January ribs a shade higher.

IMPERIAL VISITORS.

Arrival of the Czar and Czarina in England.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LEITH, SCOTLAND, September 22.—The Russian Imperial yacht Standart, with the Czar and Czarina on board, passed Bass Rock at 8 o'clock this morning, moving slowly on account of the fog. When she was reported as having passed Bass Rock many passenger boats, crowded with excursionists, went out to meet her and accompanied her to the harbor, where she arrived this afternoon. The Czar and Czarina were transferred from the Standart to a local steamer which conveyed them to the jetty where they landed and took carriages to the railway station en route for Balmoral. The route to the station was decorated to a moderate extent with banners, streamers, etc., with occasional scrolls bearing words of welcome to the Imperial visitors. To-day was an ordinary Autumn holiday in Edinburgh and Leith and great crowds of people were early on the ground to see the Russian Emperor. The gathering was very orderly and the town remarkably quiet.

SPOTS AND FUTURES.

New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, September 22.—The *Sun* says: Cotton declined nineteen to twenty-three points, closing steady at the decline, with sales of 216,500 bales.

To-day's features: The news in cotton to day was in the main of a bearish character and prices declined steadily, closing at about the lowest figure of the day. The course of the Liverpool market disappointed the bulls, unfavorable advices were received from Manchester and Liverpool and New Orleans, and local operators sold freely. Good rains were reported in various sections of the South, and advices from Texas and Arkansas were more favorable, stating that with a late frost the chances for a top crop were good since the recent rains. The weekly Government report was better than had been expected and stop orders were caught on the way down, accelerating the decline.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, September 22.—Spirits turpentine quiet and firm at 26@26½c. Rosin firm: strained common to good $1 65@1 70.

CHARLESTON, September 22.—Spirits turpentine firm at 21¼@21¾c; sales — bales. Rosin firm: sales — barrels; prices: B, C, D $1 30, E, F $1 40, G $1 45, H $1 45, K $1 50, M $1 55, N $1 70, W G $1 85, W W $2 00.

SAVANNAH, September 22.—Spirits turpentine firm at 28½c; sales of 1,000 casks; receipts 1,818 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged; sales — barrels; receipts 5 418 barrels.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

BRYAN'S CAMPAIGN

IN DELAWARE, NEW JERSEY AND PENNSYLVANIA.

An Enthusiastic Reception—Three Addresses to Philadelphia Audiences—Enormous Crowds—Streets Packed With People—Speeches at Other Places to Large Audiences.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHESTER, PA., September 22.—Wm. J. Bryan left Wilmington, Del., at 10.05 o'clock this morning and reached Chester, Pa., at 10 26. He made the trip in a special car attached to a regular train. The car had been provided by the Chester reception committee. Senator Gray, of Delaware, one of Mr. Cleveland's main supporters in the Senate, was on the train, and at Claymont came into Mr. Bryan's car. The candidate and the Senator chatted together until Chester was reached. The special car was crowded with members of the reception committee from Philadelphia and Chester.

There were no incidents on the short run except that those in Mr. Bryan's coach were shaken about by a quick stop of the train at the station here. A shattered pane of glass was the total damage.

A large crowd received Mr. Bryan at the station here, and many of those composing it followed his carriage through the streets to Turner & Woodrows park, on Madison avenue, near the Y. M. C. A. building, where a speaker's stand had been erected. Mr. Bryan was cheered by a good sized audience there, and made a brief speech. While he was talking it began to rain, but not hard enough to cause the audience to disperse.

Hon. Frank B. Rhodes introduced Mr. Bryan, who spoke as follows: "I shall not keep you standing long in the rain. I simply desire to appear before you to assure you that if elected I shall to the best of my ability carry out the policies set forth in the Chicago platform. (Cheers. A voice: 'That's what we want.') Your chairman introduced me as the nominee of a great political party. I am the nominee of three parties, all agreeing that the money question rises above all others and must be settled first. We have reached a crisis in monetary affairs where our financial policy has been run by a few syndicates in their interests and the question now is whether the people shall take charge and run the Government in their interest. The Republican platform declares in favor of the present financial policy, and that means the manner in which it has been maintained. The present system means hard times. All those in favor of continuing hard times will vote for my opponent. I am satisfied to have them do so, if all those opposed to hard times will vote for me." (Applause.)

From the stand Mr. Bryan went to the Colorado Hotel, where he held a reception, leaving there in time to take the 11.48 o'clock train for Philadelphia. A special car had been placed at the disposal of the candidate by the Philadelphia city committee, whose members accompanied him on the short trip.

PHILADELPHIA, September 22.—A crowd of about 500 people were awaiting Mr. Bryan's arrival at the Broad street station of the Pennsylvania Railroad, which he reached at 12.06. As the candidate came down the platform with Chairman Curley and the city committee the crowd cheered heartily and Mr. Bryan bowed his thanks as he hurried towards his carriage. Mr. Bryan was driven to the Lafayette Hotel, which will be his headquarters while here. Awaiting in front of the hotel was a small crowd of people who cheered Mr. Bryan as he drove up. At the hotel was a delegation of about thirty from the New Jersey State committee, headed by Representative Johnson, [illegible] Cornish and Postmaster H[illegible] Harry Paul of Camden. Mr. B[illegible] was introduced to the delegation and then went to luncheon. At 1.30 p. m. Mr. Bryan was taken by boat to Washington Park, a Summer resort on the New Jersey side of the Delaware river, where he spoke this afternoon.

When Mr. Bryan reached Washington Park he found about 4,000 persons collected before the stand facing the bicycle track. William J. Thompson, a prominent South Jersey politician and owner of the park, escorted Mr. Bryan to the stand. A burst of cheering greeted the nominee as he came forward. Hon. J. T. Wright introduced Mr. Bryan, who spoke as follows:

"Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen—I have always been taught to regard politics as very serious business. In a country like this the people make the laws, or at least they have a right to, and if they don't improve the opportunity they generally have the privilege of suffering because they have neglected the opportunity. (Applause.) If the laws are not good the people themselves are to blame. In this campaign one great issue is presented to the people. If everything is all right and what you wish it to be, then it ought not be changed. If the gold standard is a good thing and we have had it these many years, why is it so many fail to appreciate its blessings? I will tell you; because its blessings have only reached a few of those who like it. (Applause.) This is a campaign of education in which the newspapers are not doing their share of the work. (Applause and laughter.) There is one thing about truth, that it commends itself to those who receive it, who examine it, who investigate it. There is one thing about error, that it is discarded by people when they get acquainted with it, and the reason why every day finds more advocates of free coinage is explained by the fact that free coinage of silver is based upon solid rocks and is defended by arguments which appeal to the heads of those who think, and to the hearts of those who feel—arguments which are only useless when they are directed to the pocket-book. (Applause.) I met a prominent man yesterday who said that until the Chicago convention acted on the subject he had never investigated the money question and never supposed there was anything in it; that the papers did not seem to consider it worth thinking about. They regarded it as a craze, and he did not have time as a business man to pay any attention to a craze. But when a great national party adopted a platform, making the money question the paramount issue, he began to think about it. That was only a few weeks ago. He got to be a crank. He said to me: 'If we don't win this fight it is going on until we do win, and I don't care how many years it takes.' [Applause] I can appreciate the feeling of that man. I went through the same experience myself. Until six years ago I thought any man who talked about money was a harmless crank. I did not listen to his arguments. They had no weight with me. Six years ago I began to study the question trying to find out what was right, because I was taught to believe if a man would ground himself on what was right, he could wait for other people to come to him. I was taught to believe no man could afford to be wrong, no matter how many he had in his company. I studied the question. I read books on both sides and compared them, and the more I read the deeper became my conviction until I became so firmly of the opinion that there could be no prosperity in this country until free silver was restored that I was willing to risk all I had or hoped to have on the correctness of that conclusion. (Great applause.) We have gone through in Nebraska the same process people have gone through in other States. We began the fight in Nebraska. It is the pioneer. The platform adopted at Chicago on the silver question was first adopted in Nebraska by the silver Democrats there. (Applause) When we did it we had bolters then, as they have had since. We had men who claimed to be Democrats who would not agree to our platform. They called themselves better Democrats than we were, and voted the Republican ticket to prove it. (Great laughter.) We believe the Democratic party which owed its success to the toiling masses must still stand by them in their fight against the few, if it deserves to continue its existence. We organized in Nebraska a Democratic free silver league. The members of the league made an open fight. They did not go around in the dark wearing a mask. They said to the Democracy of the State, we are going to take possession of the machinery of the party if we can; we are going to submit this question to the voters. We went out and presented the question. When our State convention met we had three to one and we adopted that platform which has been re-adopted by the National Democratic Convention. There was never a fairer contest ever waged. Then we organized a bimetallic Democratic National league, which went out to do in the nation what the free silver Democrats of Nebraska had done in that State. We carried the question to the primaries and the voters instructed the delegates to the county convention, and from there to the State convention and from there to the national convention.

"We never had a convention in this country which more correctly represented the sentiment of the people who sent the delegates than that convention which met at Chicago. It is honor enough to be the nominee of a convention for President. But it is a higher honor yet to be the nominee of the most Democratic convention ever held in this country. (Applause.) It is sufficient honor to be nominated by the machinery of a party but it is a higher honor still to be nominated by the people of a party regardless of machinery. (Applause.) Since that platform was adopted the people have commenced to study the money question. What do they find? They find that the people of the West and South, who have been asking for the restoration of bimetallism, instead of trying to ruin the country are trying to save it. (Great applause.) We are trying to help our people. That is true, but I want to tell you that our people cannot buy of you unless they can sell what they raise. We must have more than appetites out there. (Laughter.) We must have money to pay for those things which gratify the appetite. Because you have food to sell, don't think you can sell it just because people are hungry. You have got to have people who want it and who have the money to pay for something to eat [Great applause.] Your people are producing manufacturing products here largely. Where do you get your consumers? Wipe out the farming population, and where will you sell the goods you produce? You virtually wipe out the farmers as consumers when you drive down the price of their products, so they only realize enough to pay taxes and interest. [Great applause.] You have many truck farmers. When they take what they have to sell into town they find the market is rather dull, and what they get is small compared with what it used to be. Does it mean the people of Philadelphia are not as hungry as they ever were? I venture the assertion that there is more hunger here in Philadelphia than there was five years ago. [Great applause.] Is it because people have lost their taste for the good things which you produce? No, there is as much taste as ever if they could get a chance to try it on something. (Applause) How are you going to increase your market? By increasing the number of people able to buy what you produce. Will you do that by making dollars dearer? No, dollars do not eat. They devour a great deal[illegible] not eat. (Laughter[illegible] going to create [illegible] increasing dollars in the [illegible] hands of the few? No, you have got to restore prosperity by stopping the fall of prices, so men will sell what they produce to get money to buy what you produce." (Applause).

Mr. Bryan gave quotations from John Sherman, James G. Blaine and John G. Carlisle, showing them to have formerly been in favor of the free coinage of silver.

Mr. Bryan continued as follows: "Every one of them when the utterances quoted were made were older than I am now. If they attribute my division of people into two classes, the idle holders of idle capital and the producers of wealth, to the fact that I have not had as much experience as some others, how are they going to explain the language of Blaine and Carlisle and Sherman? I divide classes the same as they do, except I should say on the one side are the drones and on the other the bees that make the honey. (Applause)

"The gold standard newspapers think we won't be able to get silver into circulation if we had free coinage. I want to tell you that they will be mighty glad to have subscriptions paid even in silver dollars if these people whom they have been trying to destroy in the interests of foreign capitalists will continue to let their papers come into their houses. (Great applause) Our opponents who are confident that money can beat argument in a campaign are glad to use silver dollars for a campaign fund. (Applause.) If you destroy part of our money you must be content to take a lower price for what you have to sell. When you drive down the value of your property you don't drive down the value of the mortgage you have agreed to pay. That man still asks the same for it. We don't ask to reduce the amount of mortgages, but I say the man who holds a mortgage and wants you to pay him in the ever-growing dollar is the most dishonest man you can find. They have an idea there is only one kind of repudiation. If a debtor wants to pay in a dollar less valuable than the dollar he borrowed he is a repudiator, but if the man who holds that mortgage wants him to pay in a dollar worth twice as much as when it was loaned, that man is a financier and a patriot, and you cannot open your mouth against him. (Applause.) If those who hold the notes of the people of the United States have a right to insist on a gold standard to make their dollars devour more of our farm products, I want to know why the people of the United States have not a right in their sovereign majesty to stop the growth of these dollars before they get any bigger." (Applause).

Mr. Bryan then quoted Prince Bismarck as being in favor of bimetallism and as saying that the United States should take the lead in adopting it. Mr. Bryan continued: "Against this waiting policy with the twenty years of adverse experience behind it, we offer an aggressive policy, by which the United States will lead the nations of the world to the restoration of gold and silver as money. You say it is American to brag about what you can do. I reply that it is English, you know, to think we can't do anything. (Laughter).

"We have reached a great crisis, and the question presented to the American people is, shall the United States have a financial policy of its own, or must the people receive their finances ready-made from some foreign land? [Cries of 'No, never.']

"It is a question upon which much will depend. I beg you, when you vote, to consider the responsibility which rests upon you, and so vote that you may tell your children without a blush for which policy you voted in 1896." [Applause.]

At the conclusion of his address Mr. Bryan was escorted back to this city and rested at his hotel, until he dined and went to the Academy of Music to speak.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., September 22.—Five thousand people packed closely in the Academy of Music, with a seating capacity of 3,200, heard William J. Bryan deliver the first of three addresses made to Philadelphia audiences to-night. Many thousands more swarmed in the streets outside the building and these were addressed when his indoor speech was concluded. An enormous crowd remained for hours outside the Hotel La Fayette awaiting to get a glimpse of the candidate. Equally great was the assemblage that thronged Broad and Wharton streets, in front of the Southwestern Democratic Club, to hear the last address of the evening. In all Mr. Bryan's campaigning he never drew crowds of greater magnitude. The Academy of Music was entirely inadequate for the principal Bryan demonstration. It was packed from floor to gallery. The doors had to be closed early in the evening, for the building could hold no more, and those inside were pressed together as tightly as could be. But the throng inside the Academy was as nothing in point of numbers compared to the packed masses in the streets. On Broad street outside the Hotel Lafayette, a great crowd choked the passage for more than an hour before Mr. Bryan left the hotel for the Academy. Passage to vehicles was impossible, and even the extra force of police sent to clear a way for Mr. Bryan at the entrance, found much difficulty in forcing their way through.

When Mr. Bryan left his room to enter his carriage several hundred men, who had been held in check in the lobby and corridor of the hotel, broke through the line of guards and rushed after him pell mell. With Mr. Bryan were Chairman Curley, of the city executive committee, ex Congressman Kerr, of Pennsylvania, Congressman Sulzer, of New York, and members of the local committees. Several of these were caught in the rush and failed to keep up with the candidate. Furniture was overturned and a crashing of glass bore witness to the great rush that marked Mr. Bryan's passage through the hotel. The candidate was sent flying along the corridors without regard to dignity, pushed through a narrow doorway and raced to his carriage by way of the Samson street entrance, thus eluding the crowd on Broad street. There was another crush at the Academy, but Mr. Bryan was finally landed on the stage, looking like the center rush in a foot ball game after attempting the flying wedge. Outside the Academy was another mass of humanity, packed deep in Broad street and lapping over into the adjoining thoroughfares. It was a good natured crowd and seemed willing enough to be entertained by campaign orators, who spoke from trucks and other conspicuous places.

NEW YORK DEMOCRATS.

Sheehan Asks Thacher to Declare His Position in Regard to the Platform of the Party.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, September 22.—The *Evening Sun* publishes the following telegram:

New York, September 22.—To John Boyd Thacher, Albany, N. Y.: Sir—When the friends of the Democratic platform adopted in Buffalo stood in doubt as to the propriety of nominating a gentleman who had previously occupied a position adverse to the leading tenets of the party as declared in the National Convention, the convention was repeatedly assured by your representatives that you would stand fairly and squarely upon the Buffalo platform, which most emphatically endorsed the one adopted at Chicago.

"No man who knows John Boyd Thacher," your friends declared again and again, "will doubt for one instant that before permitting his name to be brought before this convention he had resolved his doubt as to the expediency of free silver, and is prepared to stand in all fairness upon the platform this day adopted, copies of which the press has placed in Mr. Thacher's hands.

"In view of your letter to the public I feel sure that you are not aware of the pledges then made in your name and that once in possession of the facts you will take the required measures to prevent the stultification of those who pressed your claims upon the convention. JOHN C. SHEEHAN."

A MISSING MAN.

Supposed to Have Been Made Away With by Emissaries of the Spanish Government.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, September 22.—A. D. Powers, director and manager of the Cuban relief corps, which last week opened offices in Chicago, is missing and fears are entertained that he has been made away with by emissaries of the Spanish Government.

Last Wednesday Powers received a letter full of threats against his life, and stating that there was a secret society in Chicago, the members of which were Spaniards, which had sworn revenge upon all Americans who would lend a hand to help the Cuban revolutionists. Last evening Powers went to his office as usual. At 11 o'clock the watchman found both the front and rear doors open. This morning the door, which had been secured by the watchman, was forced open. Powers' coat and hat were found in their customary place, but there was no trace of the missing man.

PRINCE BISMARCK'S LETTER.

The First Political Sensation of the Campaign in Favor of Free Silver Coinage.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, Sept. 22.—The Democratic National Committee regards the letter of Prince Bismarck favoring bimetallism as a step towards an international agreement and the cablegram sent to Mr. Bryan by the International Agricultural Congress at Budapest as making the first genuine political sensation of the campaign in favor of free silver coinage. Members of the committee at Chicago headquarters said yesterday that these documents silenced the platform and assertions of the Republicans on the principle that the United States alone could not change the monetary system of the world and that the present agitation would be detrimental to international bimetallism. The committee decided to have these declarations translated into several languages, especially German, and distribute several millions.

LEADVILLE RIOTERS.

A Strong Force of State Militia Overawe the Strikers.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LEADVILLE, COL., September 22.—A special train of eight coaches, after waiting some time for a second section, with companies from Greeley, Boulder and Long Mont, and a long line of freight cars, containing horses, ammunition and provisions, pulled into Leadville at 3.30 o'clock this morning. The approach to Leadville was made with great caution, three companies of infantry deploying skirmishers for six miles before reaching the city. The men slept in the cars all night, breakfast being served at 5.30 a. m. The movements of the militia are being sullenly watched by the group of strikers. General Brooks has decided to pitch camp in the old base ball grounds, near the depot, the space being amply sufficient to hold several thousand men.

The Ladies.

The pleasant effect and perfect safety with which ladies may use Syrup of Figs, under all conditions, makes it their favorite remedy. To get the true and genuine article, look for the name of the California Fig Syrup Company, printed near the bottom of the package. For sale by all responsible druggists.

CONDITION OF COTTON.

CROP REPORTS TO THE CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU.

Nearly All Open and Much of It Gathered—Drought Continues in Some Sections—Top Crop in Western Texas Greatly Benefited by Recent Rains.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, September 22.—James R. Cook, acting chief of the Weather Bureau, to-day issued a notice that as all the important crops with the exception of cotton have now been practically secured, the national climate and crop bulletin will be discontinued.

Until the next crop season monthly bulletins will be issued only. The following is from the bulletin of the current week:

North Carolina—Another very warm week, but with favorable showers in many counties and heavy local rains in Halifax and Warren; cotton nearly all open; farmers gathering corn, digging potatoes and peanuts and plowing for Winter wheat and oats.

South Carolina—Mid summer heat, with practically no rain; cotton about all open and two-thirds picked; estimated yield about half of July outlook.

Georgia—The drought remains practically unbroken; a few light scattered showers during last few days doing little good; cotton about three-fourths gathered, with an average of half a crop; cotton would be injured rather than benefitted by rain; all cotton will be gathered by October 15.

Alabama—Drought partially broken by showers on the 21st; cotton nearly all open and picking being pushed to completion; some complaint of inferior lint; no Fall planting done and timber dying on account of lack of moisture.

Mississippi—Very little change in crop conditions; cotton and corn turning out better than expected in some localities; cotton making new growth in some sections, but too late for development; picking progressing rapidly and there will be little to pick after September 30.

Louisiana—Favorable week for harvesting corn, rice, hay and cotton; picking latter nearing completion in some sections, while others report probable completion by October 15th.

Texas—Cotton picking progressed rapidly until the close of the week, when rains over the western portion of the State retarded work in that section and lowered the grade of the cotton, but the benefit to the top crop will more than counterbalance the damage. Rains have been favorable for Fall plowing and wheat sowing, and have improved Fall crops.

Arkansas—Condition of cotton remains unchanged; picking has been delayed by excessively high temperature, yet fair progress has been made; all minor crops greatly injured by drought and rain is much needed for Fall plowing.

Tennessee—Colder weather and light showers, but no material benefit; last week's conditions practically unchanged; favorable for gathering matured crops; cotton nearly all open and about half picked.

THIRD PARTYITES.

Buckner and Palmer Address a Large Audience in New York City.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, September 22.—Madison Square Garden was crowded to overflowing to-night when the candidates of the National Democracy faced a metropolitan audience and opened the campaign for the "sound money" Democracy in the Empire State. An hour before the time set for the meeting all the seats were taken and at 7.30 o'clock a thousand people were standing at the back of the seats on the main floor and in the galleries. The audience was one of the best appearing that has been drawn together by political meetings in this city. A large number of ladies were present. Promptly at 8 o'clock Robert A. Widenmann, chairman of the State Committee of the National Democratic party of New York, stepped to the front of the platform and opened the proceedings. He said that the good old ship Democracy was going on the rocks when the Indianapolis Convention took her in charge, placed competent men at her helm and was manning her for the fight which would bury Bryanism, Watsonism and Sewallism so deep that Gabriel's trumpet would have difficulty in resurrecting them. He then introduced ex-Gov. Roswell P. Flower, the chairman of the evening, who made a short speech and introduced Wm. D. Bynum.

As Mr. Bynum was closing his remarks the two candidates appeared on the platform. General Palmer was escorted by Chas. S. Fairchild, who was Secretary of the Treasury during President Cleveland's first term. General Buckner was escorted by State Committeeman John DeWitt Warner. The candidates were greeted with hearty applause and cheers.

Gen. Palmer immediately placed himself on a good footing with his audience by a few happy off-hand remarks. These were vigorously applauded. Then he took his manuscript and read the speech which he had prepared in advance. Gen. Buckner followed and was loudly cheered at the conclusion of his address.

THE ODD FELLOWS.

Sovereign Grand Lodge of the World in Session at Dallas, Texas—Election of Officers.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

DALLAS, TEXAS, September 22.—Fully five thousand Odd Fellows were in the parade to day in honor of the meeting of the Sovereign Grand Lodge of the world. It is estimated that 50,000 spectators viewed the procession.

The election of officers of the Sovereign Grand Lodge took place at the afternoon session. Fred. Carleton, of Texas, was elected Grand Sire. A. S. Pinkerton, of Massachusetts, was chosen Grand Secretary. Mr. Richard Muckle, of Philadelphia, was re-elected Grand Treasurer.

A public installation of the Grand Officers will take place in Dallas next Saturday. The selection of the next place of meeting of the Sovereign Grand Lodge will take place to-morrow. Hot Springs, Ark., Nashville, Tenn., and Baltimore, Md., are the candidates thus far announced.

BASE BALL.

Result of Games Played Yesterday at Various Places.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Baltimore—Baltimore 8; Philadelphia 4
Brooklyn—Boston 6; Brooklyn 1.
Washington—Washington 7; New York 1.
Cleveland—Cleveland 3; Cincinnati 7.

At Columbia, S. C., two negro girls, 5 and 4 years old, were so beaten by Ellie Pompey, a boy of 13, that one has died and the other will probably die. He says he was playing "tag" and hit them too hard. It is believed he attempted to rape the elder. He has been arrested.

DO NOT EXPERIMENT in so important a matter as your health. Purify, enrich and vitalize your blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla and thus keep yourself strong and healthy.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after dinner pill; assist digestion, cure headache. 25 cents. †

WARM WIRELETS.

The Dublin *Daily Express* says that the police have discovered large quantities of dynamite and a pile of detonators at Marlia Park, near Galway.

Edson Keith, head of the great millinery firm of Edson Keith & Co., Chicago, committed suicide by drowning himself there in the lake Monday night.

Charles Piener, of Indianapolis, Ind., yesterday cut his wife's throat, his baby's throat and then hanged himself. All are dead. Piener was a telegraph operator on the Big Four.

The O'Connell-Rogers Company, wholesale hardware and large dealers in railway and mill supplies, Chattanooga, Tenn., have failed. Liabilities, $45,000; assets, $40,000.

Col. S. A. Champion, of Nashville, Tenn., has tendered his resignation as a member of the State Silver Democratic Committee, assigning as his reason that he could not support the Chicago platform.

The Treasury gold reserve at the close of business yesterday stood at $116,968,409. The day's withdrawals at New York were $61,100. There were exchanges at New York of $1,000,000 in gold for currency.

A New York dispatch says that J. W. Seligman & Co. will receive $100,000 gold by the steamship St. Paul now on the way hither. The sum of $1,000,000 gold was deposited at the sub-Treasury yesterday in exchange for greenbacks.

Gen. Carlos Roloff, arrested in New York last week on the charge of aiding and abetting a filibustering expedition to Cuba, was arraigned before a U. S. Commissioner yesterday. Several witnesses were examined and the hearing was adjourned until to-morrow.

GEORGE COULDN'T GET HIS PAPER.

How He Tried to Protect Himself Against the Borrower.

"Found in the Sulpician seminary in Paris and presented to Worcester college by G. Goodwin, the finder," is what one may read on the back of a frame containing a letter which was written by George Washington, and which now hangs on the walls of the cabinet in Holy Cross college, Worcester, Mass. The precise manner in which the letter, sent by the retired general to Matthew Carey of Philadelphia, was carried to France and then returned to Worcester is not known.

The Rev. Peter Blenkinsop, S. J., now in Philadelphia, and the oldest living ex-president of Holy Cross, remembers that G. Goodwin, who is mentioned in the inscription, was a clergyman of Boston and an intimate friend of Bishop Fenwick, the founder of the college. The Rev. George Goodwin studied in Paris, and it is likely that he obtained he letter.

Matthew Carey, to whom the letter was addressed, was a young Irish journalist who was obliged to flee from his native land. He went to Paris, where he met Benjamin Franklin, then representing the United States at the court of Versailles. It is very probable that it was during his stay in Paris that he met Lafayette, who is mentioned in the letter.

Franklin assisted Carey, and subsequently the young Irishman went to Philadelphia, where he began to publish The Pennsylvania Herald Nov. 15, 1784. This is undoubtedly The Evening Herald named in the letter.

The note was penned by Washington while he was living in retirement at Mount Vernon. The little note tells that the retired general was anxious to keep acquainted, by means of his newspapers, with the happenings of his country, and how he would outwit the mail pilferers. The letter is preserved in the cabinet of the college and rests beside one that was written by the Irish poet, Tom Moore. It reads:

MOUNT VERNON, 15th Mar, 1785.

SIR—I purposed as soon as I understood you intended to become the publisher of a News Paper in Philadelphia to request that a copy of your weekly production might be sent to me.

I was more pleased with the determination when, by a letter from my friend the Marquis de la Fayette, I found he had interested himself in your behalf.

It has so happened, that my Gazettes from Philadelphia, whether from inattention at the Printers or Post Office, or other cause, come very irregularly to my hands! Let me pray you, therefore, to address those you send me, in the appearance of a letter. The common paper, usually applied, will do equally well for the cover.

It has sometimes occurred to me that there are persons who, wishing to read News Papers, without being at the expense of paying for them, make free with those which are addressed to others. Under the garb of a letter, it is not presumable this liberty would be taken.

I am, Sir, Yr Most Obed Serv.
GO. WASHINGTON.

Mr Matthew Carey, Printer of The Even'g Herald.

—Boston Globe.

The dandelion protects itself from intense heat by drawing its petals together and thus presenting a small surface to the light of the sun. When growing in a shady place, it does not exhibit this peculiarity.

"Hot calendared" paper is made by passing the finished product between hot rollers which iron the paper and give a finish and polish that can be secured in no other way.



Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

WE ARE RECEIVING DAILY
Our New Fall and Winter Stock of
Dress Goods and Carpets.
OUR CARPET STOCK
THE MOST COMPLETE EVER SHOWN IN THIS CITY.
Special attention paid to making and laying Carpets, &c.
Do not fail to visit us on WINDOW SHADES. Made to order at short notice.
The Only House Showing New Dress Goods This Week.
C. W. Polvogt & Co.,
Successors to Katz & Polvogt,
No. 9 North Front St.
sep 20 tf

JOHNSON & FORE
Would Respectfully Call the Attention of the Public to Their
ELEGANT STOCK OF
Black Dress Goods.
In this particular line of goods we carry a complete stock all the year round. We have in stock a large variety of CORSETS in the most popular brands, and we are satisfied we can suit any one.
Our Hosiery Stock
is one of the most complete in the State.
JOHNSON & FORE,
No. 111 Market Street.
sep 20 tf

Time and Tide Wait For No Man,
Is an old adage we learned long ago. And likewise we must say our Bargains do not lay on our counters and wait for you. We keep our Dry Goods on the move. Our Bargains in Dress Goods, Millinery and Clothing have been greatly increased in the last few days. Our buyer has returned from the auction rooms of New York city, where he bought for cash a big lot of Notions, Corsets, Shades, Matting, Rugs, Umbrellas, Dress Goods and Underwear, Clothing, Pants and Shoes. Our store is filled up with new and desirable goods, and if you are in need of anything in the Dry Goods line, read our prices and be convinced we can stand between you and credit.
OUR DRESS GOODS is a very important feature of our business. We handle the nicest line of Black and Colored Silks, in Gros Grain and Taffita, from 50, 69, 75 and 83c per yard; in fine Waist Silk at 25. Heavy beautiful Morning at 75c; 20 inches wide, worth at least regular $1 25, our special price is 75c. In Black and Navy Blue Dress Goods, we are up-to-date. We can please you. Cassimere from 20, 25, 35c up to 65c. Rough Dress Goods, all wool, new style, in black and colored, from 25 to 65c, very, very pretty. Mohairs and Brilliantines from 18 to 60c. Fine colored double-fold all wool Suitings, 36 and 38 inches wide, at 25c. Fine line of Linen Goods, Bicycle Goods, Boys' Pants Cloth all grades. Ladies' Wash Linen for Shirt Waists and Bicycle Shirts, thick and heavy, from 10 to 12½c. Sunbeam Cheviot, 30 inches wide, extra heavy weight, for Boys' and Girls' School Dresses and Shirt Waists, at 7c, worth 10c, assorted colors. Heavy Blue Shambra, 30 inches wide, very strong and heavy, at 5c. Pee Dee Plaids at 4½c. Best Sea Island Sheeting, 1 yard wide, at 5c. A C A Bed Tick, warranted feather proof, at 12½c, regular price 19c. White and Red Flannel, all grades. Heavy Twilled Red, 28 inches wide, 18 and 25c; extra weight fine medicated Red Twilled, 30 inches, at 35 and 45c per yard. Heavy Twilled Canton Flannel at 8c; double-faced Canton Flannel at 6c. Heavy 8 ounce Duck at 10c.
NOTIONS—Corsets all styles. Brand "Our Best" at 25c. Brand "New Jersey" at 29.
We lead in largest stock, freshest goods and the lowest possible prices in everything. Call and see us or send your orders, and we guarantee satisfaction.
At Wilmington's Big Racket Store,
Braddy & Gaylord, Prop.
Front street, oppposite the Orton House.
P. O. Box 316, Telephone 164. sep 20 tf

PETERSON & RULFS
BEG TO ANNOUNCE THAT THEIR STOCK OF
FALL AND WINTER SHOES
Is ready for inspection. Great care was taken in selecting our
SCHOOL SHOES,
and special attention will be given in fitting the little folks, Give us a trial and we will please you in style, quality and price.
PETERSON & RULFS,
The Shoemen, 7 North Front Street.
sep 20 tf

SEASONABLE GOODS.
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jy 26 16t sun wed

Notice.
THE REGULAR ANNUAL MEETING OF the Stockholders of the Carolina Central Railroad will be held in the Front Street Office of the Company, in the City of Wilmington, N. C., at 1 o'clock p. m., Thursday, the 8th day of October proximo.
JOHN H. SHARP, Treasurer.
sep 13 tf

For Rent,
THE HOUSE NOW OCCUPIED by Mr. I. Shrier, seven rooms, south side of Market street between Fifth and Sixth. Apply to D. O'CONNOR, Real Estate Agent.
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